

The Brandon Mail.

VOL. 14, NO. 16.

FIVE CENTS.

DON'T WASTE YOUR

TIME AND MONEY

On Old Seeds.

BUY YOUR STOCK AT

FLEMING'S DRUG STORE.

AND YOU ARE SURE

OF A CROP THIS YEAR.

**The Reliable Poultry Yards,
BRANDON, MAN.**EGGS FOR HATCHING, FROM THE FOLLOWING
HIGHEST BREEDERS OF POULTRY.

Light Brahma, \$2.50 per 13 straight;
Barred and White Plymouth Rock,
White Wyandottes, Single C. W. Leghorns, Single C. Brown Leghorns, Rose C. Brown Leghorns, \$2.00 per 13; \$3.50 per 26; Black and White Minoras, E. 50 per 13 straight; Cornish Indian Game, \$3.00 per 13; \$5.00 per 26; Bantams eggs, Golden Seabright, Rose Comb Black and Black B.R. Game \$3.00 straight.

All our prize winners are in the
above breeding pens. Scoring from 90
to 95 points.**STOCK FOR SALE.**All stock guaranteed as re-
presented. Write just what
you want, enclosing stamp
for reply. Cash on order.**Garside & Chambers,**
W. H. GARSIDE, Manager.

ADDRESS:

BOX 299, BRANDON, MAN.When answering this advertisement
mention this paper.**LEGAL.**J. H. LEITCH, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Wins-
low, Man., Offices: 106 Main Street, P. O.
Box 242, Brandon.**LAND SURVEYORS.**R. G. DICKSON, D. L. S., Surveyor and Civil
Engineer, Municipal work, Bridge plans,
Specifications, etc. Specialty and
experience in surveying of Boundary
Lands. Correspondence invited.
Office: City Hall, Brandon, Man.**MEDICAL.**S. W. McINNIS, D. D. S., L. D. S.
Secretary Manitoba Dental Association
Office: Cor. 9th St. and Rosser Ave.
P. O. Box 202. Telephone No. 130.
Brandon, Manitoba.**DENTAL.**Mrs. WINSTON's Soothing Syrup has been
used by millions of mothers for their children
while teething. It relieves pain and
breaks out young teeth. It relieves
the most severe toothache. Wind Colic
and infantile gripes are relieved by it
and gives tone and energy to the whole system.
Mrs. Winston's Soothing Syrup for Children
Teething, a physician to the oldest and best female
physicians and nurses in the United States.
Price 25 cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists
throughout the world. Be sure and ask for
Mrs. Winston's Soothing Syrup.**S. BIGG.....**
TRANSFER, WOOD AND COAL.Orders to be left at Murdoch's store,
between 8th and 9th Sts. Telephone 59.**MCLYRIDE & LANE,**

Transfer and Fuel Co.

Dealers in COAL, WOOD and ICE.

S. R. HOFLUS SYMPTOMS

Any soreness, abrasions, sore eyes, eruptions
and skin diseases. Burdock Blood
Root, a powerful antiseptic, and
externally on the word, serous sore. In
cases of this nature where the skin is bro-
ken and sore or ulcers exist, the outward ap-
plication of this root, if necessary, an-
sophaged on soft linen cloths is re-
commended to insure a perfect cure.

None better known.

This can better known traveller in the
Provinces than Mr. G. Fred. Anderson,
the popular representative of Messrs. T.
Newell & Co., St. John, N.B. Speaking of
this root, Mr. Anderson says: "It is
the best couch cure I have ever used and I
prefer to any other. I have given it to
men, women and children, and it cures every time. It
will be a different matter now to induce me
to use any other."

It is used internally cures of reflexes
and rheumatism, sore eyes, eruptions
and skin diseases. Burdock Blood
Root, a powerful antiseptic, and
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Burdock's Root Balsam cures coughs,colds, asthma, bronchitis, sore throat and chest,
and severe cases of the throat, lungs and chest.**Burdock's Root Balsam cures coughs,**colds, asthma, bronchitis, sore throat and chest,
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THE BRANDON MAIL.

Thursday, April 20, 1898.

THE NEWS OF THE DAY.

CONDENSED FOR BUSY PEOPLE.

Short and Interesting Paragraphs that Treat of Men and Things in a General Way.

General elections are expected early in June.

Lord Aberdeen recently opened the Toronto horse show.

The Ontario Wheel factory at Guelph was burned recently.

S. Richards, Chicago, is suing the G. T. R. for \$1,000,000 damages.

John Kemp was killed at the Winnipeg waterworks the other day.

Foster predicts a warm wave about April 15th, and a cold spell on April 20th.

The provincial government has offered a state funeral to the remains of Sir John Schultz.

Master leader of the Ontario Opposition, is mentioned for a Dominion senatorship.

Latest predictions at Ottawa are that parliament will prorogue on Thursday, April 23rd.

Samuel Pardy, of Evelyn, has withdrawn as the independent candidate for East Middlesex.

Brandon citizens have petitioned the C.P.R. for more frequent train service on the Souris branch.

Robt. Scott, of Shoal Lake, proposes going quite extensively into the shipment of Manitoba butter to the Orient.

The Anglican synod of Ontario have asked the provincial government for more religious instruction in the public schools.

Michael O'Neill, of Port Hope, aged 70, committed suicide a few days ago by walking into the lake. Insanity was the cause of the act.

Lieut.-Colonel Denison died at Toronto the other day. He suffered from cancer of the liver and had been suffering for about five months.

A widow named Johnston, aged 85, was killed while crossing the C.P.R. track at Guelph, Ont., being struck by an engine and instantly killed.

The government of Canada has cabled the secretary of state for the colonies, Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, offering a Canadian militia regiment for service in the Sudan.

Thomas and Hissie Gray, of Peterboro, who were accused last fall on a charge of murdering David Scallie, an old man with whom they lived, were tried recently on a charge of arson and found not guilty.

The local branch of the journeymen stonemasons' association, of Toronto, have secured from the master stonemasons an agreement by which for the next three years the men will receive their former rate of wages, 40 cents per hour and work eight hours a day.

A writ has been issued at the instance of Isabella C. Thompson against Malcolm McIntyre, claiming fifteen hundred dollars for alleged breach of promise of marriage. The defendant is a prominent farmer residing near Belmont, and he married another lady recently.

An interesting ceremony took place at Onistekon, on the Indian reservation of Tuscarora, near Brantford, a short time ago, in laying the corner stone of the new council house for the Six Nation Indians. The ceremony was performed by Chief Niedemeyer Porter, in the presence of a large assemblage of Indian chiefs and other residents of the townships.

Early the other evening a fire in the big dry goods store of Barnard and Sonnerland, Halifax, on Barrington street, gutted the establishment. Stock valued at \$40,000 was destroyed. It was insured for \$10,000. A damage of \$10,000 on the building was wholly covered by insurance. Schaefer's jewelry store was also destroyed. Loss \$10,000. Small insurance.

Commissioner Eva Booth, who is sister of Ballington Booth, and who was recently sent out from England to the United States on a mission of peace, has been officially appointed commandant of the Salvation Army in Canada. This news was received by Commander Herbert Booth the other day. No time has been fixed for the arrival of Miss Booth in Toronto. Her brother relinquishes his command at the end of May.

Plotting Against the CZAR.

A dispatch from St. Petersburg says that the approaching coronation has caused a fresh outbreak of nihilistic plots to assassinate the Czar. A plot to murder him at the great fair of Nizni Novgorod has been discovered. In consequence the Czar has given up his plan of attending the fair. A general round-up of political suspects has been ordered. Martial law has been declared in Moscow. Nearly 5,000 men and women have been so far arrested and will be kept in prison until after the coronation. Hundreds of students of the universities have been afforded the alternative of going home or going to prison for the same period. The governors of all provinces are carrying out the imperial command to the letter.

HE SHOT THE SERGEANT.

A Degraded Buffalo Police Officer Reverts to Murder.

At Buffalo the other morning the trial of Ex Police Captain Michael Sammon for the murder of Sergt. Thomas Cantlin, was called in the criminal term of the supreme court. Defendant was formerly captain of the third precinct, but was deposed when their came a change in the political administration of the police department. When, however, the Republicans again came in power he made several ineffectual efforts to recover his captaincy. Instead, he was still further degraded, being transferred to the seventh precinct. On the night of the murder Sammon was seen by the sergeant to go into a mail house

and remain there for half an hour. When he reappeared Sergeant Cantlin accosted him and ordered him to the police station. Sammons followed him taciturnly for a few steps, when he asked to be let off, seeing his offence meant his place on the force. Cantlin replied he must do his duty, whereupon Sammons drew his revolver and shot Cantlin in the stomach. Putting the gun back in his pocket, he sat there unconcernedly smoking. When word was brought of the assault upon Cantlin, the police was able to give an unswerving statement to identify his assailant, otherwise Sammons would never have been suspected. Since his incarceration Sammons has made no statement other than a denial of the deed.

LONG DISTANCE ELECTRIC POWER.

Power From Niagara Falls to be Transmitted to New York City.

Power from the great dynamo of the Niagara Power company will be transmitted into New York city over 462 miles of wire on May 5th. The wires for the transmission will be furnished by the Western Union Telegraph Co. on one of its海底 cables. The longest distance that electric power has ever been carried is 110 miles, and that in Europe. The current will not be a heavy one, but will demonstrate that by Nicola Tesla's new system it can be conveyed almost any distance. It will be the first practical test of the system and its projectors seem to fear no failure. Vice-President Frank W. Hawley, of the company has extended an invitation to Governor Morton to participate in the opening of the national electrical exposition to be held in New York on May 5th. The particular part to be performed by the governor will be to turn on the current of electricity which will be furnished from Niagara. This will be done by an electrical button and the current will turn a model of the Niagara company's plant in New York, and also the cable canal system of towing. The Bell Telephone company will have a telephone system transmitting the roar of the falls so as to make the thing realistic.

SIR JOHN SCHULTZ IS DEAD.

The Ex-Lieut.-Governor of Manitoba Passes Away Suddenly at Monterey, Mexico.

Winnipeggers were startled the other afternoon by the announcement of the death of Sir John Schultz, K. C. M. G., of that city, in Mexico. The sad news reached Winnipeg in a telegram from Lady Schultz to Dr. Codd, briefly stating that Sir John had passed away suddenly at Monterrey, Mexico, and that he was leaving for Winnipeg with the body



SIR JOHN SCHULTZ.

which was being embalmed. Lady Schultz also asked that Dr. Codd or Ven. Archdeacon Fortin should meet her in St. Paul's route to Winnipeg. A state funeral will probably be awarded the remains.

Sir John and Lady Schultz since vacating Government House last year had spent their time between Winnipeg, Edmonton and Ottawa. Not improving in health as a consequence of his trip to Northern Alberta Sir John and Lady Schultz decided to try a southern climate and departed for Monterrey, Mexico, about two months ago. The change not having the desired effect Sir John was about returning to Winnipeg when death intervened.

Belief in Six Hours.

Distrusting Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the South American Kidney Cure. This new remedy is a great surprise and delight on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and every part of the urinary passage in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is your remedy.

Sold by all druggists.

To my mind," remarked Squidig, "Nansen's greatest difficulty is not finding the north pole." "What is Nansen's greatest difficulty?" a ked McMilligan. "Finding his way back home."

Rheumatism Cured in a Day.

South American Rheumatic Cure for Rheumatism and Neuralgia radically cures in one to three days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. If removed at once the cause, and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits. Seventy-five cents.

Sold by all druggists.

City lady (in the country)—I get so impatient for the news out here. The mails are so irregular! Old fashioned grandmother—La! So there was in my young days. You couldn't trust 'em at all.

A COUGH OR A COLD can be quickly cured by Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. It is a combination of all that is best in lung healing medicines.

I see you have several books by Charles Read," observed the visitor who was looking at the library. "Have you 'Hard Cash' here?" "Of course not, sir," replied Mr. Boodle, the eminent contractor, with cool dignity. "I have a burglar-proof safe."

ALL KINDS of Coughs, Tickling, Hacking, Distressing, Obstinate or merely slight coughs, yield to the soothing, healing effects of Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. Price 25c., all druggists.

"Man wants but little here below," At least, so he observes. When he compares his wants with what he thinks that he deserves.

THE WORLD'S DEBT TO CONGREGATIONALISM.

This Church Gave to the World a Beecher—Also What the Rev. S. Nichols, a Prominent Toronto Congregational Minister, Has to Say on the Important Subject.

Henry Ward Beecher believed man's religious faith was colored largely by the condition of his health. He had said from the pulpit that no man could hold right views on religion when his stomach was out of order. It is quite certain that his preacher had a fresh effect if his head turned up with catarrh. It is not surprising therefore that we find the leading clergymen of Canada speaking so highly of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder, for cold in the head or catarrh. They know the necessity better than anyone else of being relieved of this trouble. Rev. S. Nichols, of Olivet Congregational Church, Toronto, is one who has used this medicine and over his own signature has borne testimony to its beneficial character.

One short puff of the breath through the Blower supplied with each bottle of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder, diffuses this powder over the surface of the nasal passages. Painless and delightful to use, it relieves in ten minutes, and permanently cures, catarrh, hay fever, colds, headache, sore throat, tonsillitis and deafness. Sixty cents. Sample with blower sent for 10 cents in stamp or cover. S. G. Detton, 14 Church street Toronto.

Nell-Chollié told me last night he thought my face would stop at angel in its flight. Belle—Don't you think you'd better practice on a clock first, my dear?

DOES IT WORK IN SIX HOURS.

A Medicine that Will Relieve Distressing Kidney and Bladder Disease in Six Hours Deserves Your Attention.

Those who suffer from Kidney troubles suffer acutely. Where some kinds of sickness can be borne with fortitude, it is no easy matter to exercise this virtue when one is suffering from kidney troubles. How may sustain a person when a medicine is being used that doctors say will eventually affect a cure. But who wants to continue an agonizing course of treatment when a medicine like South American Kidney Cure is within the reach of everyone and that is so speedy as well as certain in its effects? This new remedy has been thoroughly tested by learned physicians, and stands to-day ahead of any medicine used for this purpose. It does not pretend to cure anything else, but it does cure kidney disease.

Crimson-beak—"Do you know Pucker-ton the cornetist?" "Yes—yes, he lives within gunshot of me." "Well, you must be brightly bad shot." —Yonkers Statesman.

Heart Disease of Five Years Standing Absolutely Cured by Dr. Agnew's Cure For the Heart—The Great Life-Saving Remedy Gives Relief in Thirty Minutes.

Thomas Petry, Esq., Aylmer, Que. I have been troubled for about five years with severe heart complaint. At times the pain was so severe that I was unable to attend to business. The slightest exertion proved very fatiguing necessitated taking rest in the house. Cure consisted of taking Dr. Williams' Cure for the heart, and obtained immediate relief. I have now taken four bottles of the remedy, and am entirely free from every symptom of heart disease. I hope this statement may induce others troubled as I was, to give this most valuable remedy a trial.

"It is said there is little difference between genius and insanity." "Well, there's one important difference—the authorities protect us from the lunatics.—Chicago Tribune.

A New Hamburg Citizen Released From Four Months' Imprisonment.

Mr. John Kock, hotel keeper, New Hamburg, Ont.: "I have been a great sufferer from rheumatism. The last attack commenced last October, and kept me in the house four months, when two bottles of South American Rheumatic Cure completely cured me. Had I secured the remedy when I first contracted rheumatism I might have saved me months of pain and suffering. If you suffer from rheumatism or neuralgia do not delay, but try South American Rheumatic Cure now. It will relieve in a few hours and cure radically in a few days.

She Boxed His Ears.

A few days ago Rev. A. D. Picklesimer, a Baptist divine in charge of a church at Dunlap, in the Sequatchie Valley, Tenn., went to Mt. Airy, about three miles from Dunlap, to preach. He was invited by J. R. Grimm, a respectable young farmer, to spend the night at his house. On the following morning the young husband stepped out to the barn to hitch up a rig and take the minister to the depot. In his absence the preacher tried to take undue liberties with Mrs. Grimm, and received a severe boxing of the ears for his pains. Grimm found out about the affair later and fainted the preacher with a shotgun, but soon cooled down. The affair has set the community all agog.

Glad to See Spring.

Another long cold winter is well over with all its hardships, and now we can look forward to bright weather and outdoor life. But—there'll be another winter, and we will be faced again by the problem of keeping warm without being burdened by the weight of our clothing. A fibre chamois interlining seems to give the best results as it furnishes warmth without adding weight, and is both wind and water proof.

"One of the strong points about this carpet, ma'am," said the salesman, "is that it won't show dirt as plainly as some others. You wouldn't have to sweep it nearly as often as—" "I shouldn't have to sweep it at all, young man," interrupted Mrs. Gaskell, with much sharpness. "We keep a hired girl."

QUICK RELIEF and sure cure follow the use of Norway Pine Syrup in all diseases of the Throat and Lungs, Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, etc. Price 25c., all druggists.

"Man wants but little here below," At least, so he observes. When he compares his wants with what he thinks that he deserves.

DOCTORS WERE WRONG.

THEY SAID MR. REUBEN PETCH WAS PERMANENTLY DISABLED.

They Apparently Had Good Grounds for Their Report and on the Strength of It He Was Paid a \$1,500 Disability Insurance—Another Case Which Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Have Brought Health After All Other Means Failed.

From the Meaford Monitor.

Mr. Reuben Petch is a resident of Grindaville who has been known to the editor of the Monitor for a considerable number of years. For several years Mr. Petch has been in bad health, and has been an intense sufferer and was declared incurable by a number of physicians, and was paid a disability insurance of \$1,500. Later, to the astonishment of those who had known that he was pronounced incurable, Mr. Petch has been brought back almost to his former health. This restoration he attributes to the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and knowing that his story would interest the readers of the Monitor, a reporter was sent to interview him. The following is Mr. Petch's narrative as given to the reporter:

"I had been sick for five years. I consulted during that time no less than six of the best physicians I could find, but none seemed to help me so far as medicine was concerned. My limbs were puffed or bloated so I could not get my clothes on. I had lost the use of my limbs entirely. When I began taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills I could not dress myself for two years previous. I could not even open my mouth to receive any solid food

Inside and Outside.

Internally used Burdock Blood Bitters cleanses, purifies and tones every organ of the system. In all cases where sores, ulcers, blotches, or scrofula, appear on the surface an outward application exerts wonderful power over the skin and flesh, healing them completely without leaving a scar. Here comes in point:

After having used Burdock Blood Bitters for sores in the blood I feel it my duty to make known the results. I was treated by a skilled physician, but he failed to cure me. I had three running sores on my neck which could not be healed until I tried B. B. B., which healed them completely, leaving the skin and flesh sound and whole.

As long as I live I shall speak of Providence that such a medicine is provided for sufferers.

Mrs. W. BENNETT, Actor P. O. Out.

Mother—Come, Fritzal, why are you so naughty to-day, just when auntie is paying us a visit? Fritz—Cause auntie told me that if I was a good boy she would sing for us this evening.

Heart Disease Believed in 90 Minutes.

Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart gives perfect relief in all cases of Organic or Sympathetic Heart Disease in 30 minutes, and speedily effects a cure. It is a peerless remedy for Palpitation, Shortness of Breath, Smothering Spells, Pain in Left Side and all symptoms of a Diseased Heart. One dose convalesces.

Sold by all druggists.

It is the voice of the people recognizing the fact that Burdock Blood Bitters cures all diseases of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels and Blood.

Mr. T. G. Ludlow, 334 Colborne Street, Brantford, Ont., says: During seven years prior to 1888, my wife was sick all the time with violent headaches. Her head was so hot that it felt like burning up. She was weak, ran down, and was feeble that she could hardly do anything, and so nervous that the least noise started her. Night or day she could not rest and life was a misery to her. Tried all kinds of medicines and treatment for her but she steadily grew worse until I bought six bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters from C. Stork & Son, of Brampton, Ont., for which I paid \$5.00, and it was the best investment I ever made in my life. Mrs. Ludlow took four out of the six bottles—there was no need of the other two, for those four bottles made her a strong, healthy woman, and removed every ailment from which she had suffered, and she enjoyed the most vigorous health. That five dollars saved me lots of money in medicine and attendance thereafter, and better than that it made home a comfort to me.

Letters Come.

Letters come day by day telling us that this person has been cured of dyspepsia, that person of Bad Blood, and another of Headache, still another of Biliousness, and yet others of various complaints of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels or Blood, all through the intelligent use of Burdock Blood Bitters.

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ONE OF THE BEST :: BEVERAGES FOR WINTER USE IS DREWRY'S EXTRA PORTER.

It warms, invigorates and strengthens the system. Well brewed and thoroughly matured. Recommended by many physicians in preference to the imported article.

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THE WESTERN WORLD.

NEWSY ITEMS OF INTEREST FOR OUR READERS.

Our Western Heritage the Subject of this Column, Which Will be Found Entertaining and Instructive.

The War Eagle mine has declared another dividend of \$25,000.

Nelson has been made the head office for all the Canadian Pacific branch lines in Kootenay.

The Bank of British Columbia has obtained a judgment against Contractor Dan McMillivray for \$5,000.

The Anglo Western syndicate and the British Columbia syndicate and others are now forming in London.

Mr. G. W. Girdstone has been appointed manager for British Columbia for the Mutual Reserve Fund Life As- surance.

Contractor James Hartney left Vancouver last week. Creditors, whose claims aggregate \$10,000 are anxious as to his whereabouts.

R. G. McKay, of Vancouver, has received word of the death of an uncle, by whom he receives one-fifth of an estate valued at \$50,000.

The Le Roi mine, Roseland, will not be a dividend this month, the management having deemed it advisable to stand off for a month.

While making a drift near Cottonwood Point, on the south arm of the Fraser, a German hauled in a fine beaver which had been entangled in the meshes.

Philip H. Nind, for several years attached to the civil service of the colony of British Columbia, before confederation, died suddenly in London a few days ago.

J. Lucier, brakeman on the C. P. R., left from a freight train the other morning near Roger's Pass, receiving in addition to which he died after reaching Lillooet hospital. Dressed comes from Winnipeg, Man., where his parents reside.

The franchise and property of the Victoria Electric Railway and Lighting Company was sold at public auction for \$1,000. It is not known who the buyers are, but they are believed to be a well-known firm of wealthy capitalists in Victoria.

Roseland, B.C., is to have two banks, the Bank of Montreal and the Bank of British N. America. The latter has its seat out and is doing business; the former, Mr. A. H. Buchanan, formerly of Winnipeg, Man., is the manager. He will have the bank open as soon as a suitable building can be secured.

It is rumored in legal circles and there seems to be foundation for the report that the Hon. J. M. Abbott, attorney-general for B.C., is to give up the office of the supreme court immediately after pro- fessionation, via Mr. H. C. Caso, resigned. This will no doubt lead to Mr. Helmcken taking into the government as attorney-general.

The ten years' contract recently made by the Vancouver city council with the Consolidated Railway company for the electric lighting of the town at a cost of 25 cents per kilowatt per lamp of 2,000 candle power is stated to be the cheapest electric lighting obtained in Canada for a city of less than 50,000 people.

Frank Kelly, of Vancouver, who is a son of a helmsman recently jumped from a sailing vessel in the city hospital is dead. The coroner's inquest disclosed the fact that in addition to a dislocated ankle and fractured arm, the fatal leap caused a severe concussion of the brain, from which death resulted. Kelly was a well-educated man, and in the early twenties was a clerk in the library of the house of commons at Ottawa.

A band of some fifty wild dogs of all sorts, sizes and conditions, mostly, however, mongrels, is regularly hunting around the woods of Burnaby, a district lying between Vancouver and New Westminster. The pack steadily increases in number, but does not yet molest human beings. It is supposed to be partly composed of stray dogs from New Westminster and, of course, once belonging to Indian hunters. A regular dog hunt is suggested as if the pack increases to much larger dimensions not only will much game be destroyed, but it is possible that there may be danger to human beings.

MILITARY MINERS.

OTTAWA Officers After the Hidden Wealth of B.C.

Lieut.-Col. J. Wright and Captain Jameson of the 43rd battalion, Ottawa, left the other evening bound for British Columbia. Lieut.-Col. Wright and Captain Jameson are mining as well as military men, and the former goes to a point in the Okanagan district lying 600 miles north of the C. P. R. between the Peace River and the coast, to establish an hydraulic plant on some rich placer beds, while the latter will remain at North Bend to take charge of the hydraulic mining which is expected will be in operation within a few weeks. Lieut.-Col. Wright had an interesting exploring trip last summer when he made arrangements for his company the 43rd mining and milling company of Ottawa. The properties owned by the company are in Mansion and Slave creeks, about 10 miles inland from the Pacific and 200 miles from Hazelton, on the forks of the Skeena river. Last year Mr. Wright negotiated overland from his home to Hazelton and enjoyed the novelty of a very swift horse ride. The current of the Skeena will be compared to a flying express train—unlike the racehorse it never tires, 100 miles from Hazelton to Fort Simpson, and Mr. Wright's canoe ended down in the remarkable time of a day over a day and a half. The H. B. Co. has an old stern wheeler on the Skeena and while it requires 14 days to haul it up from Fort Simpson to Hazelton, it floats back easily in a day and a half. Mr. Wright will leave Hazelton in a few days and as soon as the grass along the river bottom grows enough to feed his mule train. He will undertake to transport full outfit known as the hydraulic elevator system for working his claims. A portable saw mill, and a summer's supplies the entire 900 miles on pack mules. As far as Quesnel the route lays over the old Cariboo road. There the Fraser river is crossed and what is known as the telegraph trail

is followed. Lieut.-Col. Wright is not going on any wild goose chase. He has been there before and while his company is heavily capitalized and he does not expect on account of the great distance and amount of work to get many wash-ups this year, he is confident that in a very short time after the machinery is well to work he will enrich the coffers of the company with the precious metal. One solitary man last summer with a small stream of water in six weeks time took out \$5,000 on a stream adjoining the 3rd company's property.

Captain Jameson, who by the way is a brother of Dr. Jameson, of Winnipeg, represents the Ottawa Hydraulic mining company, and their plant will soon be ready to start. It is located near North Bend, an encircled village a considerable distance beyond Ashcroft. Each of these gentlemen are genuine mining enthusiasts and believe that by pinning their faith to British Columbia, they can achieve greater results than anywhere else in the world. Still they are interested in other mining properties, one being a silver mine near Ross Port on Lake Superior. This is considered a wonderful property, the surface workings of native silver being so rich that the company have been obliged to keep a guard over it since the discovery last fall. It will be developed this coming summer.

While in the city Messrs. Wright and Jameson were the guests of Dr. Jameson on McWilliam street east. The Ottawa Citizen says: Captain Jameson and Lieut.-Colonel Wright left yesterday afternoon for British Columbia. At the railway depot to bid him goodbye were many friends, including most of the officers of the regiment and battalions. Among them were Capt. Rogers, Helmick and Belcher, Watterson, Lt. Col. Scott, Major Mahoney, Sgt. Maj. Perkins and Corp. J. C. Grant. They expect to be absent until the fall.—*Nor'-Wester.*

A DENIAL FROM VILLARD.

Answer Given to Complaint in Suit of the N. P. & M. Railway.

The answer of Henry Villard, to the complaint in the suit of the Northern Pacific and the Manitoba railway companies against him, for accounting was recently filed in the U.S. circuit court of New York. He denies that he acted as agent of the company in the sale of its bonds and by production of his correspondence with the complainant company seeks to show that he purchased \$1,000,000 of its \$5,250,000 first mortgage bonds outright for which he alleged in his answer, as paid in full, while the remainder were neither bought nor sold by him. As regards \$50,000 terminal bonds, for which accounting is also asked, his answer is that he never received them for sale, but they were presented to the firm of Becker, Howell and company, as part consideration under the contract between them and the complainant for the completion of the roads and terminal improvements. He states that this firm acted for him because of his absence in Europe. The answer further sets forth that Villard was not the author of the stock of the complainant company or of some multiplying shares, and as such absolutely controlled the corporation, and in all his transactions with it really dealt with himself. The answer affirms practically that at only one of the considerations and stock of the complainant Northern Pacific and Manitoba railway company, by whose receivers the suit is really brought, was that only the railroad, terminal properties and rolling stock should be delivered to the purchasers, and all other assets should be disposed of by the complainant company, previous to the sale, which was done, he alleges, by dividing these assets among those who at that time were entitled to them.

\$1,000 OFFERED.

A Millionaire Offers the Above Sum to Whoever Can Save His Eyes.

Charles Broadway House, a millionaire merchant of New York, is doomed to a hermitic life in a very little time. At the present he cannot discern objects at a distance of a few feet, and reading is an impossibility. He heard of Nicola Tesla and his wonderful accomplishments in electricity, and thought possibly that genius might be able to restore his sight by the use of electricity in reaching the nerve centre of the eye. He consulted an eye specialist in the person of Dr. William E. Moxford, Madison avenue, and after the talk with him called on Nicola Tesla. Mr. Tesla at once said that he could do nothing for Mr. House as far as his eyesight was concerned, but would give a shock of electricity, which might be of some benefit. Mr. House said if he could not get good eyes he was willing to take anything, so Mr. House sent 100,000 volts through Mr. House's body without the latter feeling it. Tesla shared the current with Mr. House, who declared beforehand that he did not care to die alone in case of an accident. There is a standing offer of \$1,000 to any person who may restore to Mr. House his eyesight.

Americans Charged With Conspiracy.

Luke Usher, president of the National Bank of Postdam; Fred La Duke, proprietor of the Frontier House, and Henry Legay, all of Postdam, N.Y., were arrested by U.S. Marshall McCaffrey, on a criminal capias, they having been indicted in the U.S. court for conspiracy. They were admitted to bail in \$500 each. They are charged with breach of the alien labor law. Usher owns large lumber interests, and it is alleged sent La Duke and Legay to Ottawa, who hired Frenchmen to work in his Adirondack lumber camps. The charge is pressed by Contract Labor Agent Estelle, who presented testimony of many Canadian choppers. The violation, as alleged, covers four or five years, and hundreds of men have been brought over. The men were introduced at the close of the March term of the U.S. court at Utica, and will be tried at the May term in Rochester.

Ballingdon Booth's Charge Denied.

Commander George Tucker, of the salvation Army, denies the latest charges of Ballington Booth against the latter's father. He denies that General Booth objected to the prominence given the American flag by the Salvationists and that he declared the time had come to stop carrying it at the head of processions. Also that General Booth declared it his intention to divide the United States into three parts by north and south lines and annex them, so far as the work of the Salvation Army is concerned, to Canada.

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THE REBELLION SPREADING.

The Metabales Are Well Armed and are Growing in Numbers.

Details have been received of the encounter with the Metabales of Capt. Brand, as the result of which he suffered a reverse and was compelled to ask for assistance from Bulawayo. The Metabales surrounded and attacked Capt. Brand's column, consisting of 150 men, which had been sent to relieve Gwanda, 25 miles south of here. Capt. Brand formed a laager for the purpose of offering a better defence against the attack. Some desperate fighting ensued. The enemy were found to be well armed with Martini rifles and they directed a strong and well aimed fire against Dr. Brand. Maxim gun, with such good effect that it became disabled. Capt. Brand's ammunition also ran short and the fierce attack of the Metabales continuing, the situation of his force began to grow desperate. They were finally obliged to fight their way through the beleaguered enemy's lines. They succeeded in cutting their way out with a loss of five soldiers killed and 16 wounded. It is estimated that 15 of the Metabales were killed. In response to Capt. Brand's message calling for assistance a relief force of 400 men, with artillery, was dispatched as quickly as possible. This force met Capt. Brand's column returning. The rebellion in Metabaleland seems to be spreading, in spite of the vigorous efforts that have been made to suppress it. The enemy's forces come and go within short distances of Bulawayo and the anxiety for them is most keen and there are many fears expressed of an attack by the enemy in force. Confidence is felt that Bulawayo will be able to offer a successful defence. The coming of the relief force from Matikeng will, however, be greeted as a welcome assistance in the possible case of an attack.

SUICIDE BY DYNAMITE.

An Indigenous Father Kills His Daughter And Fatally Wounds Her Lover.

At Millican, Texas, the other morning John Brooks shot and killed his daughter Miss Miles Brooks, and fatally wounded her sweetheart, A. C. Worrell, then committed suicide. Worrell and Miss Brooks were lovers and made up their minds to marry in opposition to the wishes of the young lady's father. When the north bound central train due at Houston at 2:02 stopped at the station the young people were ready to get aboard and run away. Worrell helped Miss Brooks upon the first step of the platform. Just as she got up her father, who stepped from the other side of the car, fired, shooting her through the right breast, the bullet passing through her body. She fell backwards into the arms of her lover, with the words: "Oh, Arthur, father has killed me." She immediately expired. Worrell bent down to lay his hand upon the powder house and secured a box of dynamite and going away 100 yards, sat down upon it and applied a match. A terrific explosion followed which tore him in pieces, not enough fragments being gathered up to fill a cigar box.

A Sensational Arrest.

A sensational arrest has been made at Reading, Eng., of a woman named Dicer, and her son-in-law, Palmer, charged with murdering a number of infants. The bodies of six children, apparently strangled to death, have been recovered from the Thames, where they had been thrown weighted down with bricks, etc. It is added that letters were found at the woman's house showing that many of the parents with whom she and her supposed accomplice had dealings were aware of the fate intended for the infants consigned to Mrs. Dicer's care. These letters, it appears, were from all persons in all classes of society, and according to the London police, a large number of the bodies found in the Thames during the past year, may be traced to Mrs. Dicer and her son-in-law. The coroners have been puzzled at the recovery of so many bodies from the Thames between Wapping and Battersea, some of them nude, and others wrapped up in brown paper or oil linen. But up to the present time the authors of these many mysterious murders could not be traced.

Bank Directors on Trial.

The grand jury recently began the consideration of the indictment against the directors of the Commercial Bank at St. John, N.B. The bill of indictment contains thirty long by counts, covering twenty-seven pages of type-written matter, and is framed upon the lines of most of the important cases of similar character in England for the past twenty years. A similar indictment against the Union Bank directors is ready for the jury when the witnesses are present. In examining of the cases shows that briefly, it accuses the directors of presenting false reports of the condition of the bank, thereby misleading the public, and inducing people to lose their money. Great excitement prevails. The cases have been shelved for the last twelve months, and it is now believed that the grand jury will not sit until the necessary discharge of the directors and the final lapse of the trials. The judges of the superior court were opposed to trying the case themselves, and they wanted an English judge, who would guarantee absolute impartiality, but the government refused to agree to this.

To Look After the Seals.

Ballard Smith cables to the New York World from London: It seems like locking the stable door after the horse is stolen, if the stories of the already almost total extermination of the Behring sea seals are true, but I am privately informed that Lord Salisbury has at last consented to despatch three experts in inspection to urge appeals from Washington, to inquire into the condition of the seal population. The trade in Yokohama would be considerably if the Manitoba people could secure their share of it. All the interior cities are supplied from the treaty ports so Mr. Scott did not go into the possibilities of such a market. In China the seals are the best market in Japan. Cheese and butter are received from all parts of the world, and Manitoba butter is regarded there very highly, having been introduced into the city some months ago by Mr. Scott and another gentleman. The trade in Yokohama would be considerable if the Manitoba people could secure their share of it. All the interior cities are supplied from the treaty ports so Mr. Scott did not go into the possibilities of such a market.

In China the Canadian government has a small employed in inspecting their butter and the bounty of four cents a pound is paid by the government for all butter sold in China. This is with the idea of looking to the trade of the future. The great fault in the Canadian shipment is that the packages are not up to the mark, the butter must be put up in tin packages. The French have had the market now for forty years and it would pay the Canadians to sell at a smaller price to get into the trade. The Canadians are nearer the market, ship through running up the coast to St. John's, Nfld., running down the coast to the Orient.

Thus the Australians, the French or the Californian manufacturers are placed at a disadvantage. Mr. Scott does not think the Chinese will ever be butter eaters but in time the Japs will adopt the custom. The trade to China will be confined exclusively to Europeans and Americans.

Next season Mr. Scott intends to take over 50,000 pounds of Manitoba butter in time after the French style. The seals will be manufactured by a company this year in Winnipeg.

A Peaceful Message From the Pope.

The London Chronicle publishes a dispatch from Rome which gives an important letter that Cardinal Rampolla has addressed to the editor of that paper under date of April 9. The translation of the letter is as follows:

"Sir, among the most precious gifts the Divine Redeemer bestowed upon the

THE TABLES TURNED.

The Conduct of Lord Salisbury and Sir John E. Gorst Denounced.

A London, Eng., dispatch says: The sensation of the hour in labor, trade union and radical circles is the turning of the tables by the national committee of the unemployed upon Lord Salisbury, the premier, and Sir John E. Gorst, a member of the cabinet and vice-president of the privy council, and concerning which five million copies of a leaflet are being distributed about the country. When, in the last days of Earl Rosebery's Liberal administration, that statesman secured the appointment of a select committee of lords and commoners to consider the question of the unemployed, the leader of the opposition in the House of Commons strongly deprecated the proposal, and when the bill was introduced into the House of Commons, he voted against it. Subsequently he expressed the same view in a letter over his own signature, and which has been produced in fac simile. Again, a month before the last general election, Lord Salisbury, in the greatest speech of the campaign, that resulted in the Liberal overthrow, made the following utterance: "You know how difficult the problem of the unemployed presents to us the feature it has shown during the last winter, we cannot say that our conscience as statesmen and politicians is clear, if at all events, to solve with them the utmost difficulties that meet us in this hour. A week after the government was returned, he again announced that it had decided to refer the unemployed question to a select committee. Thereupon the executive committee of the unemployed organization wrote to Lord Salisbury and Sir John E. Gorst, calling their attention to the previous record of your letter, and it is added by Sir John Gorst to acknowledge the receipt of your letter, and to state that he does not propose to adopt the course which you propose."

"We therefore express our earnest hope that you will mark your strong disapproval of the government in shelving the question by resigning your position in the cabinet."

The premier has not yet replied, but the committee has received a note from a privy council official, which reads: "I am directed by Sir John Gorst to acknowledge the receipt of your letter, and to state that he does not propose to adopt the course which you propose."

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THE MAIL.

THURSDAY, APRIL 23 1896.

WHAT DO YOU WANT?

A part from the political aspect of public matters altogether, it appears to us the electors of Canada ought to give more attention than they do to what is going on from year to year in the legislatures of this country. Generally speaking the only distance the average reader goes in the consideration of these things, is to ascertain how far his political friend has succeeded in raking up charges against and puncturing the reputation of his political opponents, thus creating party ascendancy the height of his ambition. This should not be so. If an elector hires an assistant, while he may have a passing interest in the politics of that assistant, his chief object is to see what services he secures for the money he pays him. In our mind the electors ought to look at the services of representatives in the same way. The past year's government at Ottawa cost the Canadian people some \$38,000,000, or \$7.75 per head, every head of a family of 5 contributing \$38, and there appears to be but little concern among the people as to where the money has gone. If you pay \$38 to a farm hand, a mechanic or a merchant, you are very as idious in your efforts to know what you have for your money; but when it comes to government expenditures, the average elector has but little concern. If his is the dominant party, and they take up the records of their opponents well, the average elector appears to be well satisfied. Now, we repeat this should not be the case. Our public debt created by the assumption of the debts of the provinces at confederation in lieu of sources of revenue transferred by them to the central governments and the construction of public works since, now amounts to about \$250,000,000 costing about \$11,000,000 in interest, and about \$5,000,000 a year in subsidies to the provinces, which are fixed charges that must be paid no matter what party is dominant for the time being in the country, and it is useless to criticise the payment. It may be that some of the items constituting this debt were not at the time of their creation fully warranted, or might have been much smaller, for the work done, than they were; but as they are now a thing of the past and entail a fixed charge on our revenue, it is useless to question their propriety or expediency at the date of their creation—it would only be a cry after split milts. The question is to deal in the future with what we can control.

Taking out these two fixed charges there is a sum of \$22,000,000 still remaining—paid out for legislation, civil service, collection of revenues, as subsidies, &c., &c. The all important question is how far can they be reduced without introducing inefficiency, or if the payments are retained how better can the affairs of the country be managed, for the expenditures? These are the two questions of vital importance to the electors, and if they would take them up for consideration and drop their squabbling over party triumphs, they would be infinitely the gainers in the end. It fact it is only here where a profit can come in—it can never result from party gratification. It should be the study of all to effect reforms in the line of economy.

To commence our House and Cabinet representation should be reduced. With a population of 40,000,000 Great Britain has but 650 representatives in the House and 18 Cabinet Ministers, and the United States with 60,000,000 of people have but 8 of the latter. In Canada then we have nearly three times the representation in the House, and about seven times the representation in the Cabinet, that Great Britain has, and twenty-five times the latter that the United States has. Now, does it not appear evident to a thinking man that our Constitution ought to be changed to effect these reductions. Our parliament as constituted costs \$10,000 a day every day it sits, when with representation on the basis of what it is in Great Britain need not cost us half that money. We are paying at least \$50,000 a year more for Cabinet representation than we ought to, as any one minister could readily take charge of any two of the portfolios, merely distributing his work as done at present to deputy heads. This might reduce the hold of the dominant party somewhat on the country, but no one will say that would be any serious loss. The Senate could well be abolished, or at least reduced to half its present numbers and made elective. By such a change \$25,000 a year more would be saved, and a body placed in position that would have some regard for popular requirements. The \$150,000 paid annually to lieut-governors could be saved by placing their duties and about \$8,000 a year, in the hands of the Chief Justice of the Provinces.

HOW, NOW.

As the present House at Ottawa will be dissolved to-morrow, Friday, and the General elections will be held in June; it is time the friends in Manitoba of proper government were put-

ting on their their thinking caps. It is generally felt the best results cannot be expected from the rank partisanship that has grown up in Canada in the past few years in certain quarters. There was a time in the history of the great Conservative party when its name meant progress and political rectitude, and its opposition was conducted on well defined principles; but all this appears to be changed and squabbling for office to make the most out of it for themselves and friends, appears now to be the ruling aim of the leaders of the two old parties. In any country under any such circumstances, the general public, the tax payers of the state have got to be the greatest sufferers. What are the people of western Manitoba now going to do about it?

The masses of the Canadian people know about \$22,000,000 a year are spent in government, and much of it wasted in jobbery, indefensible contracts, useless officials, high salaries, &c., &c., and to turn out the present government and supplant them by the Liberals unqualifiedly would only be to transfer for the most part the waste from one party to the other, with some variations. To our mind the only hope is in strengthening the other elements in the House. It is safe to say that but for the blocking of Dalton McCarthy and the Conservatives who worked with him the present session—Veldon, Sprout, Wallace, McNeil, McLean, &c., &c., Manitoba at this moment would be saddled with the Remedial school law and the endless litigation that would follow. Strengthening these representatives in the House and successful attacks will next be made on high tariffs, boudoir contracts, excessive civil service expenditures, &c. They are not in quest of office themselves as a party, and have therefore, no dread of censure from political hangers on such; as office seekers always have, their only object is the welfare of the country, without any concern for party. An opposition man of to-day coming into office to-morrow has his opposition economy cries held before him but is blinded by the importunities of friends. Those who have no desire for office, and no hope of getting it if they had, are saved from importunities, and influenced alone by the well-being of the state. Under all the circumstances it is quite desirable that all the electors of this Northwest who desire to see greater independence of parliament should be on the move and getting ready for emergencies. We believe Mr. Dalton McCarthy would come to this country and deliver a series of addresses if invited to do so, and it is not outside the range of possibilities he might even contest the Brandon division if asked to do so.

Clapp & Co., bankers and brokers, of New York, who are supposed to be good authority on the wheat question, in a late circular gave the lie direct to those who say protection is of no service to the Canadian farmer. They put down the home demand for wheat of Canada at 38,000,000 bushels, and the total yield of last year at 57,460,000, leaving 19,460,000 for export. As the Northwest exported more than that quantity it is clear the eastern provinces do not grow enough for consumption, and have to import from some quarter. As a matter of fact carriage from Minnesota and others of the American states is less than from our Northwest, so on the principle of people buying in the cheapest market, our eastern provinces would import from the States what they require to make up their deficiency, if our duties allowed them to do so. Our duties compel them to buy Manitoba wheat, and to this extent the duty on wheat is a service to the Manitoba farmer. In admitting this much it must not be taken for granted we are willing to condone the extravagances of the Federal government, and the taxation of implements, wine, &c., to make up the money to spend that way. In turn for a reasonable proportion on wheat and flour the Manitoba farmer would not object to 5 per cent or some such duty on implements, &c., but more than this is a wanton burden on the interests of manufacturing monopolists.

We wonder how Pecknall of Parochial school fame feels now over his prophecy of three weeks ago. After the second reading of that disjointed "What do you call it?" yept the Remedial Bill he declared the thing was virtually law, as the third reading was "only a matter of form" and Sir McKenzie stood proudly 't the helm of the ship of state," like a Spanish gladiator or Alexander the Great when he was searching for another world to conquer. We would like to ask him what he now thinks of the ship of state to say nothing of the helm and the "helmsman." Come, Robinson, what about that ship of state and the value of your prophetic genius? Do you think the latter is most invaluable to the Conservative party? Is it in reality worth the cost of those coats of arms advertisements that hold you in the ranks of the party? The public would like to know something about this, you know.

The public would like to know what the Remedial Bill has remedied. It has not even cured the ardor of Mr. Daly the gentleman who introduced it.

Hon. Mr. Laurier is accused of thanking God there were no Orangemen in his ranks, and Sir Chas. Tupper is charged with saying he had no confidence in "the breed"—the Roman Catholics. It is hardly likely either of the gentlemen made use of the expression credited to him. It would be difficult to make a good showing in Canada if both the Catholics and the Orangemen were removed, to please certain parties.

it showed no signs that it had been created by a capable draughtsman. There was no gothic architecture here and Roman there. No complete whole or systematic idea. The policy of remedial legislation was not statesmanlike, was uncalled for, not commensurate with the grievance complained of and could only be carried out by forging into the constitution a principle ruinous to the Conservative party and inimical to Canada.

LAID TO REST.

The funeral of the late Sir John Schultz took place at Winnipeg on Monday last. The following is the Nor-West's report of the order of procession:

At 2:15 o'clock Ven. Archdeacon Fortin, to whose congregation the deceased belonged, read the first half of the burial services of the church of England in the legislative chamber, after which the procession was formed as pre-arranged. When the entire procession was in motion the following is the order in which it was seen:

Marshal.
City Police Force,
City Fire Brigade
Band
Military
Glovers
Masonic Orders
Pal bearers and Mounted Escort
Hon. Mr. Laurier
Pal bearers and Mounted Escort
Chief Mourner
His Hon. the Lieutenant-Governor
Judge
Foreign Consuls
Senators and Members of the House of
The Provincial Government
Members and Ex-Members of the Legislative Assembly
Dominion Civil Service
Provincial Civil Service
His Worship the Mayor of Winnipeg
Members of the City Council of St. Boniface,
Winnipeg
Winnington Board of Trade
The Bar
The Medical Profession
The Commercial Community
Educational Institutions
National and Benevolent Society
Citizens on Foot
Citizens in Carriages.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

COURT OF REVISION.

Notice is hereby given that the Assessment Roll for the year 1895 has been deposited in the office of the Secretary Treasurer for the City of Brandon. That said Assessment Roll will remain open for examination inspection at said office for fourteen days.

That parties desiring to complain against the assessment roll may do so within the fourteen days next after the return of said notice.

That the Council will sit as a Court of Revision on the 27th day of May A.D. 1896 at the hour of 9 o'clock p.m. in the Council Chamber in the City of Brandon to examine said complaint and hear all complaints concerning with same.

Dated at the City of Brandon this 2nd day of April A.D. 1896.

J. B. Whitehead,
Secretary for the City of Brandon.

BIRTHS.

On Easter Sunday, the wife of Geo. Medd, of a daughter.

WILSON, RANKIN & CO.

Brandon's Greatest Store.

A Single Fact Out-weights a Thousand Claims

Our advertisement is a "written bond" to the people.

We learnt early to put facts behind words, to make the actual fact greater than the newspaper statement.

This store with its splendid facilities stand by you for reliable service and straightforwardness, for variety and completeness, for enterprise and liberality, for all that makes "the great store" notable and likable.

"PRICE" is the greatest salesman on earth; a fact we never lose sight of. It is the general, all-round Low Prices on everything we sell that makes this store so popular.

Here are a few facts about HATS AND FURNISHINGS.

We offer you an entirely new stock of 1896 styles to select from. Judging from the very large number we are selling, the fact of having an entirely new stock to choose from is fully appreciated.

Men's KNOCKABOUT HATS from 50c. up; SOFT FEDORAS the latest shapes and colors \$1, \$1.50 & \$2.50; CHRISTIE STIFF HATS, all shades, \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$2.50; WOODNAMS CELEBRATED HATS, Hard and Soft, \$3.00; TWEED and YACHT CAPS in all qualities and shapes.

Dress Shirts, Cambric Shirts, Neglige Shirts Underwear, Neckwear, Braces, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Gloves,—the best styles—best values.

Secour Cashmere Sox, full fashioned, spliced heel and toe, 4 pairs \$1.00. Grey Seamless Heavy Cotton Sox, 10 pairs \$1.00.

Housefurnishings.

Window Shades, complete on spring roller, 37 inches wide, 6 feet long, 25c.; Curtain Poles with Brass Trimmings, 25c.

See our Special Lace Curtains, white and cream, 54 inches wide, 3 yards long, beautiful design, 90c. a pair, easy worth \$1.50.

For best goods, at lowest prices, buy at

THE GREAT STORE.

WILSON, RANKIN & CO.

Syndicate Block.

UNRIVALLED DRUGGISTS IN GREAT DEMAND. LARGE ORDERS FOR SATURDAY. NEW POOTERS BEST ON THE MARKET. COME EARLY AND GET YOUR SUPPLIES.

Chiloh's cure is sold on a guarantee to cure Incipient Consumption. It is the best Cough Cure. Only one cent a dose 25c., 50c., and \$1.00. For sale by N. J. Halpin.

Kari's Clover Root will purify your Blood, clear your Complexion, regulate your Bowels and make your head clear as a bell. 25c., 50c., and \$1.00. For sale by N. J. Halpin.

KARLIS
GLASS
ROOT

An Appropriate Remedy and VITRIOL TONIC Sold by Druggists or sent by Mail. 25c., 50c., and \$1.00 per package. Samples free.

KO HO The Favorite TEETH POWDER for the Teeth and Gums.

Look Here!

Now is the time to get your Watches, Clocks and Jewellery paired at RIGHT PRICES, as the Spring is at hand.

W. H. Mallett, the Jeweler is ready to do all kinds of Watch, Clock and Jewelry Repairing, in first-class style on the shortest notice, and at the very lowest living rates. All work guaranteed. The very best bargains to be had in the City of Brandon are to be got at my store on Rosser Avenue.

These precious things, Called Wedding Rings Are always here and ready :

And all I say,

Is—come this way.

Now steady, boys, keeps steady.

All mail orders will be attended to promptly.

W. H. Mallett.

NORTHERN
PACIFIC R.R.

Through Tickets...
ON SALE VIA
Rail, Lake and Ocean S. S.

TO—
EASTERN CANADA,
BRITISH COLUMBIA,
UNITED STATES,
GREAT BRITAIN,
FRANCE,
GERMANY.

ITALY,
INDIA,
CHINA,
JAPAN,
AFRICA,
AUSTRALIA.

Daily Trains. Surber Equipment. Close Connections. Choice of Routes. For Tickets and further information apply to City Offices, 486 Main Street, Winnipeg or at Depot, or write H. Swinton, General Agent, Winnipeg; J. P. Brisbin, depot office, or to J. C. Todd, City Ticket Office, Brandon.

CANDIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

To The

Kootenay Mining

Country

In Two Days.

By direct service and without change of cars.

Quickest Route to the Pacific Coast.

Pacific ocean service to Yokohama and Hong Kong, Empress of Japan, 20th April.

Sydney and Australis, Miowera, 30th April.

The only direct connection with Atlantic Steamers from St. John, Halifax and New York. Trains go alongside the steamers and baggage checked on board.

Lowest rates always obtainable.

For full information apply to F. C. PATERSON, City Ticket Agent, or to J. H. LONGWORTH, Depot Agent, Brandon. RORT. KERR, Traffic Manager, Winnipeg.

FINE TAILORING:

IF YOU WANT A GOOD CHEAP SUIT

DON'T FORGET TO CALL AND SEE

JAMES FERGUSON

FOR YOUR SUMMERSUIT FIT AND STYLE GUARANTEED.

I carry the Latest Samples from the best Winnipeg and other Eastern Houses.

Cleaning and Repairing a specialty, and the best of WORKMANSHIP.

James Ferguson.

Corner 7th Street and Rosser Avenue.

TELEPHONE 144.

H. MCKAY

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE



JUST SOUTH OF AND CLOSE TO NEW C.P.R. DEPOT.

TENTH STREET, BETWEEN ROSSER AND PACIFIC AVENUE.

GOOD HORSES AND RIGS AT SHORTEN NOTICE. DRIVERS FURNISHED WHEN REQUIRED.

BRANDON, MAN.

“Blacksmithing

Having dissolved partnership with Mr. Haw, I am now continuing in the old stand, opposite the City Hall, on my own account, where I propose to give all customers the very best satisfaction in all work entrusted to me with special attention to house-siding.

WM. WILSON.



is to let you know that you can save money by buying your Flour and Feed at

This

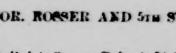
COR. ROSSER AND 5th ST.

Ogilvie's Strong Baker's \$1.65

Ogilvie's Hungarian \$1.55 per sack.

Baled Hay \$6 to \$8 per ton.

TELEPHONE 30.



TEAM HARNESS EXPRESS HARNESS.

DOUBLE AND SINGLE DRIVING HARNESS.

TRUNK BAG.

SADDLERY HARDWARE !

S. & H. BORBRIDGE,

Cor. Sixth Street and Rosser Ave., BRANDON, MAN.

T. Borbridge, Manager.

James Ferguson.

IF YOU WANT A GOOD CHEAP SUIT

DON'T FORGET TO CALL AND SEE

JAMES FERGUSON

FOR YOUR SUMMERSUIT FIT AND STYLE GUARANTEED.

I carry the Latest Samples from the best Winnipeg and other Eastern Houses.

Cleaning and Repairing a specialty, and the best of WORKMANSHIP.

James Ferguson.

Corner 7th Street and Rosser Avenue.

A. C. FRASER & CO.

THE - FASHIONABLE - DRY - GOODS - HOUSE.

The Fashionable Dress and Mantle-making Parlors in Connection With Our Store.

Saturday Specials.

25 Ladies' New Spring Jackets, the \$12.00 line for \$7.50
Our \$10.00 Jackets, Saturday only \$6.50
The \$6.00 Jackets, Saturday only \$4.25

Clothing Department.

Men's \$15.00 Serge Suits \$11.50
Men's \$12.00 Tweed Suits \$9.50
Men's \$5.00 Serge Suits \$3.00
Men's Good Tweed Suits \$4.50

Staple Department.

10c. Best Quality Prints, our price 7½.
10c. Art Muslins 6½.
20c. Oxford Shirtings, Saturday 13c.
18c. Cambrics 15c.
23 yards Good Flannelette for \$1.00
10c. Factory Cotton, 13 yards for \$0.50
10c. White Cotton at 8c. per yard.

Shirts.

Boys' 75c. Black Sateen Shirts 50c.
Men's Flannelette Shirt 20c.

English Oxford Shirts worth \$1.50 for \$1.00
\$1.00 Black Sateen Shirts 75c.

Hosiery and Gloves.

35c Heavy Ribbed Cashmere Hose 25c. a pair
3 pairs Cotton Hose for 25c., ladies' size
Our 50c. Best Quality English Cashmere Hose, 3 pairs for \$1.25
Long Laced Kid Gloves worth \$1.25 for 90c. a pair
Perrin Freer's \$1.35 Gloves, every pair guaranteed, our price for
this line \$1.25

A. C. FRASER & CO.

Markets.

Market	45
Market	45
Market	12 to 14
Market	13
Market	24
Market	24
Market	4 to 44
Market	42
Market	42
Market	6 to 8
Market	11
Market	12
Market	8
Market	7
Market	12 to 15
Market	8 to 10

RAPID CITY.

Wright on his way to Brandon Wednesday morning with Her son and drove through a flock of geese. J. M. Hall will build a new office and a stone fire place for the safe keeping of the court records, on his lot at 3rd and Main. All field conservation services in our church, Morley settlement, on May next. Confirmation will also take place at the larger Crawford of Brandon on this week for the purpose of holding a court of the Arctic & Forrester. Several joined sufficient number was not to form a court.—Rapid City.

House of Five Years' Stand-Alone Cured by Dr. Agnew's for the Heart—The Great Life-Remedy Gives Relief in Minutes.

Perry, Exeter, Quebec, been troubled for about five with severe heart complaint. The pain was so severe that I was unable to attend to business. The exertion proved very fatiguing, I resorted taking rest. I tried Dr. Cope for the Heart, and immediate relief. I have had four bottles of the remedy, entirely free from every symptom disease. I hope this state may induce others troubled as I give this most valuable remedy.—Sold by Fleming & Son and Hajin.

MENTAL FARM REPORTS.

annual report is just to hand in time to use in this season's operations. We turn first to that of Mr. Bedford, of the Manitoba Brandon, and find that in Little gave the largest yield of any varieties sown. Present hybrid, second, Old Red and with tyle fourth, etc. For summer fallow plowed deep, to destroy the largest yield, second on stable following crop of fallow, third, spring plow, fall plowing. The respect last year from these modes follows: 48 bushels, 34 bushels, 18 bushels per acre. Fall for what is shown by the experiments several years is not desirable. Bedford says: "Fall plowing of the land for wheat is a mistake, as it has invariably been more abundant than from seed sown directly." Treatment has again proved successful in eradicating smut, while increasing the yield. When treated yielded less than a portion of very poor treated in various ways with the same results yielded from 38 bushels of wheat per acre, of which Mr. Bedford says, there are who either do not need or do it in such a care that a large quantity of it is every year on account of smut. Smutty wheat is certainly not worth to receive value. The drilling test gave results to previous years, as follows: drill yielded 46 bushels common drill, yield 44 bushels machine, yield 37 bushels. The wheat sown with the drill and three days ahead of fall and six days ahead of sowing, the same as in former years plots ripened earlier and when sown with oats, but not as large as from plots. Comprehensive tables are given the date of ripening and of grain sown at different times of the end of April gave



In Advanced Years

The strength and pure blood necessary to resist the effects of cold seasons are given by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"I have for the last 25 years of my life been complaining of a weakness of the lungs and colds in the head, especially in the winter. Last fall I was again attacked. Reading of Hood's Sarsaparilla I was led to try it. I am now taking the fifth bottle with good results. I can positively say that I have not spent a winter as free from coughs or pains and difficult breathing spells for the last 25 years as was last winter. I can lie down and sleep all night without any annoyance from cough or pain in the lungs or asthmatic difficulty." E. M. CHAMBERS, J. P., Cornhill, N. B.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the Only

True Blood Purifier

Prominently in the public eye today.

Hood's Pills

cure habitual constipation. Price 50c. per box.

Captain Sweeney, U.S.A., San Diego, Cal. says: "Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy is the first medicine I have ever found that would do me any good." Price 50c. For sale by N.J. Halpin.

I CURE FITS!

Valuable medicine and bottle of medicine sent Free to any person giving address and Post Office number. H. G. BOYD, H. G. BOYD, 100 Main Street, Toronto, Ont.

PROTECTION from the grippe, pneumonia, diphtheria, fever and epidemics is given by Hood's Sarsaparilla. It makes **PURE BLOOD**.

WANTED HELP.

Reliable men in every locality (local or travelling) to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards tucked up on trees, and bridges, and in towns and country. \$100 per month and expenses, and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars, write

WORLD MEDICAL ELECTRIC CO.,

London, Ontario, Canada

WOOL! WOOL!

A. Carruthers, Dealer in

Hides, Skins, Wool, Tallow, Seneca Root and Furs.

Desires to inform the farmers and dealers of the Province of Manitoba and the N. W. T. that he has opened a warehouse in the City of Brandon, 9th St., three doors from Kelly's Stable, for the purchasing of the above named articles, where the highest cash market prices will be paid. I especially invite all Wool Growers to give me a call before disposing of their wool elsewhere.

W. W. CARRUTHERS,

Manager of Brandon branch.

Head Office: 178 and 180 King St., Winnipeg.

McKenzie & Russell,

CARRIAGE BUILDERS AND GENERAL BLACKSMITHS,

BRANDON.

We have in our warehouse a large stock of vehicles of all descriptions—
ALL HIGH-GRADE WORK. We handle no other. All work guaranteed.

We could quote prices from \$40 to \$150, but we prefer to have you write us for cuts and prices; or better, to call and see our goods and get prices. We defy competition.

In our paint shop, work shop, horseshoeing department and general repair work, we lead. Keeping only men of practical experience we guarantee satisfaction.

Prices Away Down.

McKenzie & Russell,

BOX 95, BRANDON.

FOR...

BAND INSTRUMENTS

...AND...

ALL BAND SUPPLIES

THOMAS CLAXTON,

197 YONGE STREET, TORONTO.

Offers better inducements to the Bandsmen of Canada than any other house. All grades and prices to choose from and the best possible value for the least money.

Our STANDARD BAND INSTRUMENTS

are good and reliable, light action and approved short models at a very low price.

Our PERFECTION BAND INSTRUMENTS

are really first-class instruments at a remarkably moderate price.

Our EXCELSIOR BAND INSTRUMENTS

are strictly first-class in every respect and of very high grade, while the prices are considerably lower than other first-class makes.

We have always in stock genuine Corinthian, Besson and Hingham Cornets.

We have everything in the music line and intending purchasers will do well to send for my catalogue.

BANDSMEN

send in your names to my new catalogue which will be issued shortly.

Thomas Claxton,

97 YONGE STREET, TORONTO.

PSYCHINE

Patent for the STOMACH.

COMBINATION: Long and Short Diseases.

Free to every sufferer. Give Express and

Chemical Co. Ltd., Toronto, Can.

A. M. Percival, Grocer

Removed to Rossor Avenue, opposite Wilson & Rankin's.

Seeds! Seeds! Seeds!

We have now in stock a full assortment of Field and Garden Seeds. Our Seeds are the best procurable. The following are a few of the varieties:

North Dakota Flint Corn, Millett, Timothy, Spring Rye, Marrow Fat Peas, Flax Golden Vine Peas, Red Fife Wheat, White Fife Wheat, Clover seed and Lawn Grass, Banner Oats, Black Tartarian Oats, these oats were grown last year on land from imported seed.

ALSO A FULL STOCK OF VEGETABLE AND FLOWER SEEDS.

Twenty-five pounds Bluestone for \$100

Complete Stock of Fresh Groceries, Flour and Feed at Lowest Prices.

Cash paid for Hides, Furs and Produce.

T. M. Percival, Manager.

BRANDON - ROLLER - MILLS.

ALEXANDER, KELLY & CO., PROPRIETORS.

With a capacity of over 300 barrels per day are now in complete running order and fully equipped for the best manufacture of all grades of Flour, Oatmeal, Granulated Foods and Pearled Barley. The branded Flour now manufactured and what will be delivered to all parts of the city from the mill or through any of the city dealers are:

SNOW DRIFT, **LILY** or **Fancy Patent**, one of the best Pastry Flours, the market, and is the highest grade manufactured.

LILY, **LILY** or **Family Patent**—this is a Flour that we can recommend for general family use, and will be found to give the highest satisfaction.

BAKERS' PRIDE, **LILY**. The highest grade of Strong Bakers' flour manufactured, and its qualities are superior to anything of the kind ever before placed on the market.

X X X. This is a grade somewhat lower than the above, and for the manufacture of which is used only the best quality of wheat. It is used in manufacture of Brown Bread and is an excellent food for all purposes.

Our facilities for manufacturing the following are of a superior order and they are always in stock at low prices.

Rolled Oats, Granulated Oatmeal, Standard Oatmeal, Rollid Wheat,

All Goods Sold at the Lowest Market Prices for Best Brands.

CHOVING AND GRISTING

done every day Chopping 8 cents per hundred, and Gristing 15 cents per bushel for which we give the best grade of Lily Patent. Satisfaction assured all patrons

ALEXANDER, KELLY & CO.

We keep the best of everything in our line.

WE BUY DIRECT FROM THE MANUFACTURER



Our prices for 1896 are away down. We have first-class American Buggies at the following prices, viz:

\$50, \$60, \$65, \$70, \$75 AND \$85.

W. JOHNSTON

P. O. BOX 145, BRANDON, MAN.

Mr. Buggy Poles with Whiffletrees and Neck Yokes only \$7.00. Farm Wagons we have the best Wagons in America, manufactured by the Mitchell & Lewis Company, Racine. Shoe and Press Drill, with high or low wheel. McCormick Binders and Mowers. Canton Clipper, Sulky, Gang and Walking Ploughs. Fanning Mills and Wind Mills. Spade Harrows—Diamond and Lever Harrows. Planet Jr. and Garden Drills, etc. We have the largest variety of Implements in Manitoba. Call and see our stock.

OTTO VON BISMARCK.

THE GREAT GERMAN STATESMAN
81 YEARS OLD APRIL 1.

Forced Into Retirement Six Years Ago. He Is Still the Most Interesting Figure in Germany.

On Wednesday, the 1st day of April, the family, friends, servants, neighbors, and inmates of the whole of Germany, will celebrate the eighty-first birthday and veterans of Prince Otto von Bismarck, the unifier of the fatherland. This grizzled veteran of statesmanship, diplomacy and war, though forced into retirement six years ago by a heartstricken sovereign whose very throne was in a great measure of Bismarck's making, continues to be, and will continue to be, so long as he lives, the most interesting figure in Germany. For that matter, he is the most powerful and interesting figure in German history, notwithstanding the intervening kings, and emperors since Frederick the Great. So large have been his achievements of this kind that the interest has not confined in Germany alone even in this time of his old age and retirement.

A Prussian, Bismarck was anything but a republican, since he believed with unswerving firmness in the divine right of the Hohenzollerns to rule in that land; but he acknowledged that a constitutional and limited monarchy, where the sovereign was but as the caput of the house, was the best government for England, and that a pure democracy was the best kind of government for the United States. When, therefore, most of the nobility were anxious, hoping for the overthrow of the American republic, Bismarck, who quietly but powerfully, had never indulged in favor of non-intervention, which was in effect a declaration in favor of the union.

When Bismarck developed a religiosity, bent it is not hard to see, in his youth he was so wild and reckless that he became known in the army where he served as the "Mad Bismarck," and he kept up this reputation when he had returned to his ancestral home at Schönhausen to become a country squire and cultivate the estate he had inherited from his father, the retired captain of engineers. His mad pranks were well known in such esteem by his neighbors that he was not allowed to be a member of the Prussian Von Puttkamer club in 1847 he sought her to be a member. The country squire, by methods similar to those of the chancellor of a quarter of a century later, beat down the opposition and married the lady, of whom in 1858 he said to the Italian prelator, Signor Crispi: "You little know what this woman has done for me."

One of the things she did, was to awaken in him his dormant religious feelings and we find him writing to her in 1859, that if it were not for his faith in God, his love for her and the thoughts

tremendous as his physician will permit, He used to say: "If I am to work well, I must be well fed," and most healthy and sensible people will say amen to such a doctrine. Bismarck stayed in Frankfurt till 1850, when he was sent to St. Petersburg as Minister. To use his own expression, he was "put on ice." He was a great favorite of the Czar and became a personal friend of the famous and powerful Gortchakoff. When King William, in 1861, succeeded his brother, it was thought he would ask Bismarck to be Minister, but he was irascible while Bismarck was indifferent. When, however, in 1862, the king found himself in trouble with his parliament, he asked Bismarck to be parliament master and accept the presidency of the Ministry. But Bismarck declined, pleading bad health. However, he accepted the mission to France. While at his post he went to the international exhibition in London, and it has been related that in a company, of which Disraeli was one, Bismarck said:

"I shall shortly be compelled to undertake the presidency of the Prussian Government. My first care will be to reorganize the army with or without the help of

BISMARCK IN 1860.

BISMARCK IN 1850.

the diet. With the arms placed in a position to exterminate, I shall save upon the first instant to declare war against Austria, breaking up the German federation, subduing the minor states and giving Germany national unity under Prussia's guidance. I have come here to tell the Queen's Ministers."

Disraeli, it is said, remarked: "Take care of that man, he means what he says."

I have no doubt that Bismarck did say this or something like it. It sounds like him. Then I have some personal testimony on this point. In 1858, after the congress of Berlin, I was a verdant youth looking about Europe for something to write home about. I interviewed Bismarck. I looked myself. No sooner asked than done for I hastened to Berlin and did interview the great German chancellor at his house in the Wilhelmstrasse. How I secured an audience was told long ago, so I may skip that, though I am quite sure that eighteen years later and with a better furnished mind I could never have done what I then so gaily set about. At any rate, I saw him and he treated me most kindly, amused me, and at my unconscious presumption in seeking an audience. He answered my questions when he thought them suitable enough and pointed the others to a youth other branches of the steel industry.

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In recalling this sad episode it is well to remember what the Hohenzollern house owes to Bismarck. When Bismarck returned from his Paris embassy in 1862 to take the ministry under William I, that monarch was in what seemed to him inextricable trouble. The chamber had refused to provide money for the army and without the army the king thought there would surely be anarchy. When Bismarck went to him he found that the king had written and signed his abdication, fearing that the chamber would vote him out of office.

Bismarck assured the monarch that he was willing to manage matters without a budget and the abdication was destroyed. It was about this time that Bismarck won the title of "The man of blood and iron."

To the budget committee of the chamber he said that the great questions of the time were not determined by speeches or parliamentary majorities, "but by blood and iron." He brought about the reorganization of the army without a budget and when opportunity arose four years later, still without a budget, he saw this army humiliate Austria at the battle of Sadowa. This battle won popularity for Bismarck for the first time and thereafter the Prussian chamber gave him a standing ovation.

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After his dismissal in 1869 Bismarck moved to Friedrichsruhe an estate given to the prince by the emperor after the war with France. This estate of something like 20,000 acres is near to Hamburg and has continued to be the ex-chancellor's home. It has been described so often by American correspondents that I shall just now refrain. He has not left there often. Once he went to Austria to the wedding of his son, Herbert, and during that trip I have always thought Bismarck made of himself the only sorry spectacle in his whole career. He quarreled with all existing things political and exhibited his储 of contempt for the likelihood to express sympathy. I am sure that at that time the strong man was weakened by illness and was not entirely responsible for the mirthless of his interviews, which were in a way characteristic of him, for they no doubt expressed but what he felt at the time. But timeliness of criticism and frankness of speech are not the same in a fallen man as they are in one in full power.

The next year he was very ill in Bissingen and all the world was prepared to hear of his death. His illness appealed to the emperor, who made arrangements for a reconciliation. This was effected the next year when Bismarck, for the first time since he left Berlin in 1869, donned his uniform as a eunuch and went to visit the Emperor. He was greeted in the streets of Berlin as a returned conqueror and was unaffectedly pleased by all that happened.—Detroit Free Press.

At the time of Moltke's letters there is a lit

tle picture of Bismarck—home life at his home in Frankfurt. He said: "The Bismarcks are as kind as ever. It is one of those humors where everyone does what he likes. The show apartments, where they receive formal company, are in the front of the house. Their living rooms, however, are a saloon and dining room at the back, opening upon the garden. Here there are young and old, grandparents and children and dogs all at once; eating, drinking, smoking, piano playing and pistol firing (in the garden), all going on at the same time. It is one of those establishments where every earthly thing that can be eaten or drunk is offered you—poor, simple, small beers, champagne, liqueur or claret—are about all the time, and everybody is smoking the best Havana cigars every minute."

This is the kind of life Bismarck has lived up to this time, and even in his old age he has continued to be as much of a

COLOR OF WOMEN'S EYES.

The Merle Question of Pigment Has Settled

Many a Man's Fate.

"Did you ever notice that men always instinctively put each other in a group with blue eyes, and have their suspicion of the girl with brilliant black ones, and have Bell in April Ladies' Home Journal: 'Is it that the limpid blue eye, transparent and gentle, suggests all the soft, womanly virtues, and because he thinks he can see through it, clear down into that blue-eyed girl's soul, that she is the kind of girl he fancies she is? I think it is, but some of the greatest little frauds I know are the purry, kitteny girls with big innocent blue eyes. Blazing black eyes, and the rich warm colors which dark-skinned women have to wear, suggest energy and brilliancy, and no end of intellect. Men look much eyes and seem not to be able to see below the surface. They have not the pleasure of a deep gaze into immeasurable depths. And so they think her clever and clever, and perhaps God save the mark even intelligent, when perhaps she has a wealth of love and devotion and heroism stored up behind that impulsive disposition and these dazzling black eyes, which would do dare more in a minute for some man she had seen that great heart of hers upon, than your cool-blooded, tranquil blonde would do in forty years. A mere question of pigment in the eye has settled many a man's fate in life, and established him with a wife who turned out to be very different from the girl he fondly thought he was getting?"

Hardening Steel by Gas.

The new process of hardening steel by gas appears to be making great headway in France. It is well known that gas is used great heat deposits in the form of solid form. Upon this fact and its lightness, and also the formation of the so-called gas granules, a thick covering of pure carbon on the walls of the gas-tight retorts. This deposit is left by the gas which strikes the retort walls. This fact is the basis of the new invention, by which steel armor plates are cemented together. A very important matter in the production of armor plates is to have them comparatively soft inside and hard outside. This hardening is obtainable by the application of carbon. Formerly the process of hardening consisted in covering the plates with layers of coal and heating them till they glowed. In the new process, when the plates are introduced, the gas is passed between the plates with a hole space between them. This space is filled with gas light by means of asbestos packing just around the edges and the plates are heated red-hot, while a stream of light gas is poured into the hollow space. The carbon thrown out by the gas is greedily taken up by the glowing plates until they are thickly covered. The depth of this carbon coating can be regulated by the amount of gas admitted. In order to secure regular and uniform action during the process, and to prevent the glass that carries the gas to the hollow space from absorbing any of the carbon, they are insulated in other pipes through which water is constantly flowing. Steps are now being taken to apply this simple and rapid carbonizing process to many other branches of the steel industry.

The Cromwell Clock.

Probably the oldest timepiece in the country is the clock which complacently ticks away the hours of the day and nights in the building of the Philadelphia Library Company at Juniper and Locust streets, Philadelphia unquestionably first and foremost in its collection of historical relics. How many of the daily visitors to the Philadelphia Library stop to read the legend on the card which informs them that "this is the oldest made for and belonged to Oliver Cromwell, the protector, a think of examining the two other specimens which occupy spaces in the reading room of the library. Yet the Cromwell clock has been part of the furniture of the Philadelphia library since it was presented to the company in 1759.

The remarkable feature of this piece of mechanism is that although fully 140 years of age, it still keeps perfect time.

The Cromwell clock is wonderfully well preserved and runs with perfect regularity. It is one of those old fashioned timepieces which stand on the floor, with its face about half a foot above the level of a man of average height. The frame is plain, polished brass, with a steel circle containing the hour and minute hands.

The hands are perfectly plain but the hour hands are ornamented by a sort of scroll work.

There is really nothing particularly remarkable about its workmanship or its general appearance, its style is familiar to every one as that of the grandfather clock of ancient date. Its mechanism is simple in the extreme, there being but a few brass wheels, a weight suspended by a piece of twine, and a pendulum. In very fine script letters at the bottom of the face is the name of Johnathan Fransham, London, who constructed the timepiece.

Established with Marked Success.

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NAPOLEON OF AFRICA

MENELEK, THE FAMOUS AFRICAN RULER.

He Has Humbled Italy and Destroyed an Army—His Dream to Establish the Ancient Ethiopian Empire in All Its Power and Glory.

The rout of the Italian forces at Adowa, one of the few serious military disasters of recent years, has served to bring into conspicuous and sudden publicity one of the most remarkable native potentates that Africa has produced since the time of Ramesses the Great of Egypt. It also points with startling directness to the hitherto unrecognized progress which modern civilization has made in one of the little known, and supposedly, darkest regions of the earth.

To the tall, terrible discoverer, Queen Taitou, "The Light of Ethiopia," if current history is correct, it succeeded to the throne of the Queen of Sheba. She was a princess by birth, when Menelek married her, and born of a race of kings. She inherits not only imperial manners, but warlike instincts. She is the Semiramis of Africa. Her marriage to Menelek was a love match, and ever since then she has been the power behind the throne.

In every engagement with the invaders, Queen Taitou, "The Light of Ethiopia," is, if current history is correct, its successor to the throne of the Queen of Sheba. She was a princess by birth, when Menelek married her, and born of a race of kings. She inherits not only imperial manners, but warlike instincts. She is the Semiramis of Africa. Her marriage to Menelek was a love match, and ever since then she has been the power behind the throne.

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Menelek enters into no compact, signs no decree, forms no alliance without the consent of his royal spouse. She is enormously wealthy, and when on State occasions she dons her royal robes it is said that they fairly glitter with gems and precious stones. She is the possessor of a large fortune, and the manufacturer of which the "Sheba" are specially expert, is said to be of surpassing richness and beauty. Except when receiving distinguished visitors, or upon one of the few State occasions, she never wears her robes of office, but invariably dresses in Ethiopian costume.

Menelek II. is described as a man of ordinary height with heavy beard and mustache. His frame is what would be called "sturdy." He is possessed of great personal bravery and in battle takes his chances with his commander-in-chief. In his own country he is known as Abba Danta, or Just Father, and he is held in high esteem both because of his noble and distinguished lineage. He has a large share in the Oriental cunning in diplomacy as shown in numerous instances in his intercourse with the Italians.

During the first year of his reign he negotiated a treaty with the Italians, by which his country became an Italian protectorate. It is because, as he claims, that the Italians have not only violated that treaty, but tampered with its text, that he has engaged in hostilities with them. He declares that the treaty of 1889 is not in the form in which he approved it originally, and hence has followed the series of outbreaks between his army and the Italian occupants of Massawa.

Menelek II. has been an instant advocate of the introduction of European civilization into Abyssinia. To aid in this project he has learned the tactics of bookmaking from an European instructor. He takes lessons in gunnery and is put together any weapon used by his army. His total available forces consist of 10,000 men, of which fully one-half is armed with repeating rifles, rifled cannon and the muskets in the most approved European fashion. Menelek has his own powder factories, and within the past three years a gun factory has been erected.

Aduwa, the scene of the recent defeat of the Indians, is a small town behind a row of sugar beet mountains. The road to the place is difficult to traverse, and leads inland. The mountains often become very narrow and skirting the edge of great precipices. The place is slowly going to ruin, and will likely never be rebuilt.

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The houses are all of one story, there being only one two-story dwelling, a sort of palace, in the place. There are two imposing native churches, one called the Trinity, the other named after our Saviour. Both have thatched roofs, but above them rise a gilded dome surrounded by a glittering cross.

The Abyssinians are Christians, their form of worship being closely allied to that of the Greek Church. For centuries Abyssinia has been a sort of Christian oasis in the great desert of African savagery and darkness. Last year Menelek, son of King John, ascended to the throne of Abyssinia, and St. Paul according to express to the Czar of Russia, was visiting Abyssinia in the hope of uniting the church of Abyssinia and the Greek Orthodox Church. The delegation was warmly received, and it is owing to this affinity in religion that Russia sends with expressed annoyance the campaign of Italy. The decoration of Emperor Menelek by the Czar is an expression of sympathy for Abyssinia that Europe will well understand.

This was the predecessor of Menelek, who within a month has sprung into semi-imperial status as the "Napoleon of Africa." His reign was one almost unending succession of wars and conquest. He was a slave of superstition, one of his weird peculiarities being that he would never go into battle unless one of his four favorite lions was led in advance of him.

Menelek II. came to the throne in 1889 on the death of King John. He was the son of King John and his daughter, Princess Mary, who married to Ras Assefa, son of King John, in March, 1888. Through all the preceding years Menelek of Shoa had been aullen opponent of the advance of King John's territorial limits. The limit of their children did not harmonize them to any extent, for six years later the Crown Prince died suddenly, and it is supposed that he was poisoned.

The initial festivities of Menelek's daughter lasted, with feasting, games and hunting parties, for two weeks. The Shoa dynasty, of which Menelek is the head, claims to be the oldest royal house in existence, with an unbroken descent from King Solomon of the Court of Jerusalem and the Queen of Sheba. On the occasion of the marriage, Menelek sent the most precious ornaments in the possession of his father, Menelek, a massive golden diadem, enriched with twelve rubies. This, it is claimed, was the property of King Solomon the Wise, who bestowed it on the Queen of Sheba or Shoa, when she left Jerusalem.

It has been the dream of Menelek II. to restore the ancient limits of his country from Lake Nyanza to Khartoum, including all of the Galli country. His aim is to re-establish the kingdom of Shoa as it was in the days when the Queen of Sheba, bearing all of the glories of the court of Jerusalem, visited her son with a train of surpassing splendor and wealth, the greatest gifts of her nation.

With this in view, shortly after his accession to the throne, he issued his famous letter to the rulers of Europe, warning them to keep hands off. In that letter of October, 1891, in which he signed himself the "Lion Conqueror of the Tribe of Judah," Menelek, chosen as the King of Kings of Ethiopia, he declared, with a directness of language that surprised the European powers, that "I do not propose to be an indifferent spectator while foreign powers are dividing Africa among themselves," and then concluded with an earnest hope "that your wrist will digest the hearts of your enemies, so that you will be reasonable and stay away." The Italians were unreasonably and would not let him go, and the result was the slaughter at Adowa.

Menelek II., as stated above, is the son of a beggar woman to whom his father

had given her as the mother of that most powerful monarch in Africa. She was never raised to royal rank, but Menelek has loaded her with honors and titles innumerable. But it is to his wife that Menelek owes much of his present greatness.

Queen Taitou, "The Light of Ethiopia," is, if current history is correct, its successor to the throne of the Queen of Sheba. She was a princess by birth, when Menelek married her, and born of a race of kings.

The Paraguay River, so called from the republic of the same name on its banks, is 1,800 miles in length. At points in its lower course it is from five to fifteen miles wide.

The length of the Congo is believed to exceed 2,000 miles, and it drains an area of 800,000 square miles. In its lower course it is frequently more than five miles in width.

The rivers of the "Gold Coast," in West Africa, are rich in gold. For 1,000 miles east and west from Ashantee every river's banks yield gold in greater or less quantities.

The value of protective works for the banks of rivers was known to the Romans, a long stretch of the Tiber, in Rome, above and below that city, was protected by revetting the banks.

Counting the Mississippi and Missouri as one stream, the total length of this great inland ocean is over 5,000 miles.

Considered separately, the Mississippi is 2,310 miles and the Missouri 3,047.

The Danube flows through countries in which fifty-two languages and dialects are spoken. It is 2,000 miles in length and bears on its current four-fifths of the commerce of Eastern Europe.

The Brahmapootra, from whose banks come the jewels that were so popular in this country a number of years ago, is 1,500 miles in length. It is said that every variety of precious stone has been found in the sand of its bed.

The rivers of the Emerald Isle have come to the fowls that were so popular in this country a number of years ago, is 1,500 miles in length. It is said that every variety of precious stone has been found in the sand of its bed.

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The Rio Grande del Norte, between Texas and Mexico, is 1,800 miles long, but in many places during a dry season it is easily flooded by footmen. The Rio Grande de Santiago, of Mexico, is 1,250 miles in length.

The Po in North Italy, is 360 miles in length. The deposits at its mouth have caused the coast to gain upon the sea so rapidly that a point which in the time of Augustus was a seaport town is now eighteen miles from the Adriatic.

There are three rivers known as Colorado. The first is in Utah and Arizona and is 1,800 miles long; the second is a river of Texas, 990 miles in length; the third is in the Argentine Republic, in South America, and is 400 miles long.

The River Platte during the summer is dry along the greater portion of its course.

The water runs underground, only an occasional pool appearing on the surface.

By digging almost anywhere in its course a supply of fresh, cool water may be obtained.

RIVERS OF THE WORLD.

The floods of the Tiber in winter carry everything before them. The most substantial wharves and docks have been carried away by the mere force of the water.

The delta of the Nile was the first mentioned in history. It took its name from its shape, bearing in this particular an exact resemblance to the Greek letter Delta, or D.

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By digging almost anywhere in its course a supply of fresh, cool water may be obtained.

MULTUM IN PARVO.

A man's life is an appendix to his heart. Joys are our wings, sorrows are our spurs.

A blithe heart makes a blooming visage.

A lie must be thatched with another, or it will soon rain through.

The great secret of life is never to be in the way of others.

Such is the posse, love composes, a stinging nettle mixed with roses.

Not light greater than fire.

It is the same element in a state of purity.

Knowledge of all avails man; but for all beyond the grave are joys of mind.

Liberality does not consist so much in giving a great deal as in giving seasonably.

He who always prefaches his tide with laughter is poised between impertinence and folly.

The game of life looks cheerful when one comes in one's heart the unmeasurable treasure.

Joy descends gently upon us like the evening dew, and does not patter down like a hail storm.

As the confusion of tongues was a mark of separation, so the being of one language is a mark of union.

You may as well go about to turn the sun to ice by fanning in his face with a peacock's feather.

We paint love as a child, when he should sit a giant on his clouds, the greatest delighting spirit of the world.

They pass over the world who trip over it quickly; for it is but a bog—if we stop we sink.

Law is the science in which the greatest powers of the understanding are applied to the greatest number of facts.

We are as eloquent as angels, yet should we please some mea and some women much more by listening than by talking.

The discovery of what is true, and the practice of that which is good, are the two most important objects of philosophy.

Mental pleasures never clog; unlike those of the body, they are increased by repetition, approved of by reflection, and strengthened by enjoyment.

THE JEWEL CASKET.

The heart keeps its place as an ornament.

There is a return to bangles sharply cut and thin.

The ever popular wreath now surrounds the hairpins of gold and shell.

The Mercury wings are now introduced in jewels and feathers for the hair.

The most beautiful rings and ornaments of the season are in opals and diamonds.

Things nautical die hard. An umbrella handle wrapped in silver foilage is new.

Marquise rings are now three inches long. They are evidently intended only for idle hands.

A number of new swords are seen with hilts of perforated gilt that are conspicuously ornamental.

The little boxes of perforated gilt with a gem at the summit are pretty and less frequent than the sword.

Painted circular brooches in stones, turquoise and diamond, ruby, pearl and diamond are the prettiest things to be seen. Similar brooches have Italian work in gold, and are only less desirable.

The latest variety of marquise ring instead of having the center progression of graded stones in color, has one large central sapphire, emerald or ruby, and the rest of the setting in diamonds.—Jeweler's Circular.

The Practice Ought to be Buried. A good story is told of an advertising solicitor who is employed on a thriving country weekly. He had become so accustomed to inserting in the contract that the price of the advertisement should be taken out in trade, that when the village undertaker agreed to enter into a contract for a year, the solicitor absently wrote in the usual cause. He did not discover his blunder until some time after, and the editor of the weekly is now wondering which member of his family or editorial staff will be able to balance the scales.

Syracuse (N. Y.) Post

RECEPTION DRESS.

With Figure Front of Lace.

We illustrate a pleasing design for reception dress, with Figure front of lace. The back of the bodice is drawn together at the waist in a few folds; front of bodice and lining each fastened separately with hooks and eyes. Stuff (white chevot) arranged plain at neck-opening and seam in shoulder, and falling in loops at the waist; the straight stuff parts 4 inches wide, being laid in five

parts 1/4 inches wide.

Small box pleats, each fastened down

with very narrow woolen gimp, so that a pleated chemisette is made.

Jacket front set into seams on shoulders and under arms, and made of lace (Venetian point).

Stuff (chevot) long, sewn in at a point, so that the front edge is 14 1/2 inches long, the lower one 8 inches long. Half-width sleeves sewn in several times at elbow square cuff 2 1/2 inches long, trimmed with fancy braid. Stand-up collar of chine ribbon with lace points in front, a wide band of lace.

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We Can't See

why it is people will go around half blind for the want of a pair of

SPECTACLES

when you can get a pair scientifically fitted by a

PRACTICAL OPTICIAN

—AT—

D. A. REESOR'S

JEWELLERY STORE.

ISSUER
OF MARRIAGE
LICENCES.

LOCAL NEWS.

F. Nation spent some days in Winnipeg last week.

The Souris races are to be held on the 1st and 2nd of June.

E. Cuthbert, of Hartney, spent some days in the city last week.

It now looks as if a good sized South African war was a certainty.

Mr. Wiswell is local agent of the Manitoba Fire Insurance Co.

Mr. McKinnon is making some important improvements in the Palace hotel.

S. V. Edgar has bought the Johnson farm 3½ miles south of the city at \$2,000.

There is some talk of Parish & Lindreid rebuilding the old Bower block recently burned down.

The singing of Miss McPaul in the Presbyterian church was admired by all listeners.

There was but a short sitting of the city council on Monday and nothing but routine work done.

Upwards of 60 cars of cattle from the east passed west last week for the canches near Calgary.

Come, Robinson, tell us what you think of "that helm of the ship of state" and parochial schools.

Mr. J. S. Ewart won't "interview" on the school question now. He appears to have got too much of it.

W. E. Crawford, jeweler, Hartney, is making a steam engine all complete that will not be over three inches in length.

John E. Smith, this city, has been by the Dominion Cattle Breeders' Association appointed a vice-president for Manitoba.

Dr. Fleming is going to lecture in the Congregational church on the evening of the twenty-third, on "The signs of the times."

Hanbury & McNea report no astonishing rush at their planing mill this spring but a steady jobbing trade in ordinary work.

Mr. John Festing has been visiting in the city before removing to St. Catharines, Ont., to take up his permanent residence there.

At the meeting of the Synod of Rupert's Land at Winnipeg last week \$200 was voted to the rector at Brandon to work up adjacent places.

It is said the next meeting of parliament will be on the 23rd of July so the псевдо-официальный costing three quarters of a million of dollars is for nothing.

Trotter & Trotter, this city, are prepared to pay the highest price in cash for a number of sound young horses in weight from 1,250 to 1,500 pounds, if

Thirty-five patients in the hospital, Mrs. Towers is recovering, and Mrs. Fenwick of Oak River has gone home recovered. Mr. Russell and Miss Douglas, of Douglas are recovering.

Cap. Clark is reorganizing the city brass band. We have plenty of talent here for one of the best bands in the country if it is only brought out, and the band encouraged when in existence.

Mrs. E. A. Ralston, who advertises a new millinery business in Miss Scott's old stand, in this issue, will be opening in few days with all the latest things in her line from the most fashionable centres.

It is said the Rev. Mr. Williams who has assisted the Rev. Mr. Harding here some time in the charge of St. Matthews, has been appointed to the charge at Moosomin, and will shortly remove there.

Our implement dealers, one and all, say they sold a third more goods this spring than they did last, and received relatively 40 per cent. more cash, all of which goes to show the country is making good progress.

In the appeal case of Scott vs. the Imperial Loan company, which was tried at the assizes here, a verdict has been given for the company on the ground the tax sale at which Scott bought was held irregularly.

It is reported Hugh Sutherland is going on with the Hudson's Bay R. I., that is, he will be letting contracts till after the elections are over. This is one of the disgusting features of Canadian political faking on the eve of elections.

The Brandon machine works are offering good inducements in bicycles.

The first of May will be Arbor Day, that is in the snow is off the ground by that date.

The Federal elections will be held probably in June on the lists revised for a year ago.

J. D. Cavanagh, of Elkhorn, was in city last week delivering several carloads of cattle.

It is said that there are 4,000,000 bushels of wheat unmarketed in the Canadian Northwest.

The government fish hatchery at Portage has been destroyed and with it about two million fry.

The football clubs of Forrest and Gladstone have amalgamated their forces and will now put forward a strong team.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell is going to retire to private life. Had he done so two years ago the Conservative party would not now be in its present predicament.

E. F. Clark is going to contest West Kildonan as an anti-remedial Conservative candidate. If the Conservatives of the Northwest want to hold the party together let them put up anti-remedial candidates in all the constituencies.

Dr. Hall, of Oak River, has been appointed a commissioner for taking affidavits. J. B. Mathers, of Glenboro, a J. P.; J. Porteous, a gardener in the Brandon asylum; Geo. Thomas, this city, a boiler inspector; C. Campbell, Cartwright, a commissioner.

Sometimes they take up the wrong chap. The other night at a late hour policeman Hanna followed a man he saw coming out of a business place. When he overtook him he found he was the proprietor and considered an arrest unnecessary.

It would not be amiss if our city council would correspond with the interested parties of the Dauphin road and ascertain what Brandon can do about it. It would be a question to the place, and the place could be made of good service to the Dauphinites.

Mr. Grimestone, of Brandon, a Hovey peddler, stepped from No. 1 express at Oak Lake about twelve o'clock Sunday night while the train was in motion and slipped under the train, sustaining injuries which have resulted in the loss of a foot. Mr. Grimestone was taken back on No. 2 to Brandon and taken to the hospital where the limb was amputated. He is a married man.

Mr. McRae living south of the city put an advertisement of stray colts on his farm in the MAIL last week for two weeks. He paid for the advertisement after one insertion saying an Alexander reader of the paper came and got the colts.

The MAIL is read by one half the people within a radius of one hundred miles of the city.

On Monday a large band of cattle was gathered into town by Mr. McGregor, who had bought them from the surrounding district, and on Tuesday morning the whole herd, about 300 in number, were driven out en route for Mr. McGregor's ranch at Oak Lake. The majority of them were lean, and young stock to be fattened during the summer. —Glenboro Gazette.

The Mission Band concert in the Baptist church Friday night was largely attended. The drilling of the young vocalists was done for the most part by Miss Sinclair and Mrs. G. D. Smyth. Master Fred Clubb presided and the programme was as follows: M. Cook, Alf. Boige and Misses M. Johnston, L. Johnston, C. Alexander, Maud and Gertie Smyth and M. Dickson.

Farm instructor Todd at the Indian school finds that even the untutored red man has his pranks at times. On Friday last two or three of the larger boys at the school refused to obey orders and threatened to try on J. L. Sullivan freaks. The result was that the chief of police was called and they were taken to the gaol in handcuffs to settle down and "reconcile man to his lot."

We have within the last two weeks mailed accounts totaling over \$3,000. We want the money to make contemplated improvements in the office, and will consider it a special favor if all interested will remit at once. None of the accounts are over \$10, and all owing can much easier remit their amounts than we can lie out of the total.

The Rev. W. E. Christmas, of London, England, will open up revival services in the opera hall, Brandon, on Sunday, April 26th and continue all week, afternoons and evenings. The services are on prophecy in connection with Christ's second coming and Divine healing services are as follows: Sunday morning at 11 o'clock and afternoon at 3, evening at 8:30. Bring along your sick. Admission free, collection.

Last fall Mr. Geo. Russell, a farmer, from Little River, Victoria, Australia, spent a few days in this city and was entertained by Messrs. Angur and McBride of the Massey-Harris Company. The other day Mr. Angur received from Mr. Russell a quantity of seed wheat. Mr. Angur forwarded the samples to Mr. S. A. Bedford, of the experimental farm, Brandon, where the Australian seeds will be given a fair trial.—Nor-West.

The Mail, Revelstoke, says: "A large number of people from Manitoba and the Territories have arrived in town during the week, most of whom are bound for South Kootenay points. The great majority of those not coming in are in search of employment and probably are possessed of but little capital. Work in this country just now is not over plentiful or over remunerative either and it would be well for those intending to come here in search of it to bear this fact in mind."

At a meeting of the directors of the summer fair held last week, it was decided to hold the fair this year on the 25th immediately following the Winnipeg Industrial exhibition. Committees were struck to look after the different interests of the fair, also to secure attractions for the same. The directors hope to equal, if not surpass, the 1895 show which was very successful.

If you suffer from rheumatism or neuralgia do not delay but try South American Rheumatic Cure now. It will relieve in a few hours and cure radically in a few days.—Sold by Fleming & Son and N. J. Halpin.

Miss Phair, sister of Mrs. Ralston, reached the city on Sunday last.

The officers of Wheat City Lodge K. of P. went to Wawanesa last night to institute a new lodge there.

Mr. S. Hanna of Griswold, and Squire Sowden and Robert Hastings, of Souris, were in the city this week.

The Brandon Agricultural society held a meeting Thursday evening, at which it was decided to leave nothing undone to make the coming fair the best held in the west.

Messrs. Ellis and Belson, of Grenfell, the seat of the invention of Polo, were in the city last week instructing the local club. Our townspersons promise to put forward a strong club.

Detective Foster went to Minnedosa on Tuesday week and arrested one Marshall McMullen, a farmer near that town for setting fire to his buildings to secure the insurance. He was brought before the magistrate and sent up for trial at the next assizes, being let out on \$2,000 bail.

The Brandon Amateur Operatic Society intend on the evening of the 24th of May to present the opera, "The Spectre Knight," also the laughable farce, "Any turn next." The following are who will take the leading parts: Viola, Mrs. Douglas; Ist and 2nd ladies, Mrs. Macfarlane and Miss Lee; the Spectre Knight, Dr. McInnis; "Chamberlain," S. B. Lowes; "The Duke," R. D. Matheson; Conductor, F. Clarke.

While Neil Burton, if only an amateur or a local man, would be called a fair reader, as a professional he has many superiors. His appearance and facial expression are good, but his voice might be improved on. The singing of the local men was particularly admired at the entertainment on Monday night, but especially the comic solo of Mr. W. W. Carruthers, whose voice is generally regarded as one of the best in the province.

Some local papers for the want of ability to discriminate between the deserving and the undeserving have the habit of puffing up every show or exhibition, even to burn cork entertainments (?) that come along. Among the number of such papers is the Brandon Times. You will always see it credited with a "glowing" tribute of the excellence of, every combination that exhibits here. This is a great injustice to worthy companies and a wrong to the public, as it keeps alive at the expense of the public many a concern that if treated to its deserts would have to disband and buck wood for a living.

A man in Virden saw an article marked ten cents cheaper in Eaton & Co's catalogue than it was offered for in Virden, and he sent his money to Toronto. The article came in due time with 60 cents express charges leaving him out 50 cents. We suppose it is principally the case in all respectable stores of the province; but we know it is an absolute fact goods of every description are sold cheap in Brandon today as they are in Toronto with freight added, and in light goods and most lines of groceries they are actually as cheap as they are in the stores of that city. The man who sends outside for anything that can be procured in this country is sure to be a loser when he considers freight charges.

DOES IT WORK IN SIX HOURS.

A Medicine that will Relieve Distressing Kidney and Bladder Disease in Six Hours Deserves Your Attention.

Those who suffer from Kidney troubles suffer acutely. Where some kinds of sickness can be borne with fortitude, it is no easy matter to exercise this virtue when one is a sufferer from kidney troubles. Hope may sustain a person when a medicine is being used that doctors say will eventually effect a cure. But who wants to continue an agonizing course of treatment when a medicine like South American Kidney Cure is within the reach of everyone and that is so speedy as well as certain in its effects? This new remedy has been thoroughly tested by learned physicians, and stands today ahead of any medicine used for this purpose. It does not pretend to cure anything else, but it does cure kidney disease.

ST. GEORGE'S DAY.

The Sons of England, this city, celebrated St. George's day on Tuesday evening by a supper and an evening's amusement at Mrs. Stripp's. After the supper was over President H. James took the chair and the following interesting programme was executed: "The Queen," God save the Queen, and a song from Mr. Brayfield. Our Mother Land, The Red, White and Blue, and a speech from J. Giles. The Land we live in, speeches from Bartlett and Brayfield and a song from F. Baker. The day we celebrate, speech, J. Giles and a song from H. Robey, Sherina, a recitation, Kindred benevolent societies, speech from Harrison, of Winnipeg mouth organ solo, "Dr." Johnston, Hanzel, a song. The ladies, Speeches from Bartlett, Patmore and Sandbrook. The bachelors, speeches from Priestley and Hetherington. The Press, speeches by C. Cliffe and Harrison. Farming interests, speech by C. Pilling. At 1 o'clock the interesting proceedings, which we regret we have not room to report more fully were brought to a close.

A New Hamburg Citizen Released from Four Months' Impisonment.

Mr. John Kock, hotel keeper, New Hamburg, Ontario: "I have been a great sufferer from rheumatism. The last attack commenced last October, and kept me in the house four months, when two bottles of South American Rheumatic Cure completely cured me. Had I secured the remedy when I first contracted rheumatism it would have saved me months of pain and sufferings."

If you suffer from rheumatism or neuralgia do not delay but try South American Rheumatic Cure now. It will relieve in a few hours and cure radically in a few days.—Sold by Fleming & Son and N. J. Halpin.

CHINA.

The N. P. Ry. are again on top trying to obtain a bonus from the Municipality for their extension to Portage la Prairie. The people have evidently forgotten the famous Ryan-Haney deal, as they seem anxious to profit by the opportunity. They expect victory on that occasion, but when they come to pay the bonus they may find the scales on the other foot as the town then don't have enough to give. Some men here who have something to say in the matter before the bonus is granted. It seems a trifling sum to lay out on a town, but it is a great sum to a man who has invested in his new farm.—Miss Brigman lately of Ontario has been engaged as school teacher here.—Mr. Geo. Moffat took a room in Winnipegs. The Rev. Mr. John Thomas rented his farm near Austin at a good figure.—Dame rumour has it that cards are out for Mr. G. H. McDonald, who is to be a candidate for old friends.—It is earnestly to be hoped that the resuscitated petition for a Post Office may not fall through.—Mr. Franklin, Jr., intended to bring his wife and family here.—Messrs. Carnall have left for Indian Ford.—When a bachelor buys a buggy it looks as if he meant business."

THE WORLD'S DEBT TO CONGRESSIONALISM.

This Church Gave to the World a Beecher—Hear Also what the Rev. S. Nicholls, a Prominent Toronto Congregational Minister, Has to Say on an Important Subject.

Henry Ward Beecher believed man's religious faith was colored largely by the condition of health. He had said from the pulpit that no man could hold right views on religion when his stomach is out of order. It is quite certain that no preacher can preach with effect if his head is stupefied with cold, or if he is a sufferer from catarrh. It is not surprising, therefore, that we find the leading clergymen of Canada speaking on highly Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder, for cold in the head or catarrh. They know it is necessary better than anyone else of being relieved of this trouble. Rev. S. Nicholls, of Olivet Congregational church, Toronto, is one who has used this medicine, and over his own signature has borne testimony to its beneficial character.

One short puff of the breath through the Blower, supplied with each bottle of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder, diffuses that powder over the surface of the nasal passages. Painless and delightful to use, it relieves in ten minutes, and permanently cures catarrh, hay fever, colds, headache, sore throat, tonsilitis and deafness. Sixty cents. Sample with blower sent for 10c, in stamp or silver. S. G. Detchon, 44 Church street, Toronto.

People Who Read Ads.



And pay attention to them, know that it is not an accident that our business has grown. They also know that our trade hasn't increased almost daily by reason of luck, or liking. People don't come here simply out of friendship.

There are three reasons told in three words—why we gain permanent patrons—QUALITY—COURTESY—ECONOMY.

FOR YOUR CONSIDERATION THIS WEEK WE HAVE—

Choice Cooking Figs	20 lb.	70c
"	20 lb.	140
California Prunes per lb.	10	
"	Pitted plums 2 lbs. per lb.	25
"	Unpeeled Peaches 2 lbs. to 25	15
"	Quartered Pears 1 lb. to 15	15
"	Nectarines per lb.	15
"	Pealed Peaches per lb.	15

Canton Preserved Ginger in bulk 20c. per pound. Preserved Ginger is the young and tender roots of ginger preserved in a heavy white syrup. It is simply delicious, and being very rich it is economical. Try a pound and you will become a steady customer for it.

We have on hand a quantity of heavy oak Vinegar Barrels, regularly worth from \$1.50 to \$2.00 each. We are selling them at \$1.00 each. They will make splendid soft water barrels.

Smith & Burton, THE CASH GROCERS MACDONALD BLOCK ROSSER AVENUE...

TELEPHONE 202 A.

Our warehouse is for wholesale and mail orders only.

Lumber

Lath

Lime

Sash

Doors

Waggon Poles.

If you want to build a house, barn, or stable, we are headquarters for all kinds of building material. Our prices are rock-bottom and our material is the very best in the Province for the money.

No trouble to give estimates. Call and let us have a friendly chat and look through our stock.

HANBURY & MCNEA,

Opposite the market.

NEW

MILLINERY

STORE.

Mrs. Ralston

Begs to inform the ladies of Brandon and vicinity that she will open in a few days a new and well-selected stock of

Millinery and Fancy Goods

in the stand lately occupied by Miss Scott. She has had extensive "PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE" in some of the best establishments of Toronto. Mrs. Ralston kindly solicits the ladies to defer purchasing before inspecting her stock; she will try and make style, quality and prices agree.

EMERSON & HAGUE

TENTH STREET.

...WM. FERGUSON...

....WINEs, LIQUORS AND CIGARS....

THE ONLY HOUSE WEST OF WINNIPEG THAT HAS CUSTOMS AND EXCISE BONDING WAREHOUSE.

Bassa's Ale, Guinness' Stout, Milwaukee Lager and all Domestic Ales.

Lager and Stout kept in stock.

JUST ARRIVED

AT HALPIN'S

LARGE LOT OF FRESH

GARDEN SEEDS.

Call or Send your Order by mail to

N. J. HALPIN, Druggist,

BRANDON.

MAN.